THE GAZETTE is seven days ahead of them all.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

If it isn't in The Gazette It didn't happen.

VOL. 95. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1900. ESTABLISHED IN 1805.

SHOT BY A COWARD.

Senator Goebel Dangerously Wounded By An Assassin.

SWORN IN AS GOVERNOR.

Stirring Scenes In the Blue Grass State—Proclamation Issued By Governor Taylor.

While on his way to the senate chamber in Frankfort, Ky., on Tuesday morning Senator William Goebel, the Democratic contestant for governor, was shot down by a cowardly assassin concealed in the capitol. Senator Goebel was wounded by a rifle ball of small calibre, not over 38, which struck him in the right side just below the armpit. The ball passed through the back part of the right lung, across the body on a diagonal base, passing below the left shoulder blade. Four shots were fired after Mr. Goebel fell, but they did not hit him.

Col. Jack Chinn and Eph Lilard were with Mr. Goebel. When struck by the bullet the senator fell into the arms of Colonel Chinn, who said: "Are you hurt, Goebel? Did they get you?" "They have got me this time," said Goebel. "I guess they have killed me."

Senator Goebel was carried into the Capitol hotel, where the physicians who had been summoned attended to his wound. He showed great fortitude and courage throughout, smiled weakly as he heard the verdict, and feebly rolled his head from side to side, in token of dissent from the opinion expressed by the doctors, to the effect that the injury was of such a nature that must cause death in a short time.

The attempted assassination of Senator Goebel caused great excitement. The militia was quickly called out and the city is now under martial law.

AN ARREST.

Harland Whittaker, a farmer from Butler county, the home county of Governor Taylor, is now in jail at Louisville, charged with attempting to murder Mr. Goebel. There is no direct evidence against Whittaker and he was placed under arrest more because he was caught around the capitol when the shots were fired than for any other apparent reason. He denies in the most positive manner that he had any connection with the shooting or knew anything about it. He had three revolvers in his possession when arrested, but all of the chambers contained cartridges.

GOEBEL SWORN IN AS GOVERNOR

The boards having in charge the contest between Goebel and Taylor for governor and Beckham and Marshall for lieutenant governor met at 7 o'clock Tuesday night in Frankfort to consider the evidence submitted to them and prepare their report to the legislature. A few legal authorities were read to them at the request of Senator Allen, who wished light shed upon a few doubtful points. The vote was then taken, and by a strict party vote of 10 to 1 William Goebel was declared to have been legally elected governor of Kentucky.

Wednesday evening the Democrats of the legislature also declared Goebel governor and Beckham lieutenant governor. Judge Hazelrigg administered the oath, immediately after which Goebel signed an order removing Collier and appointing Castelman to command the state troops. He also ordered the troops to disperse.

Governor Taylor has issued a proclamation adjourning the legislature, to meet at London, Laurel county, February 6. The Democratic members will pay no attention to the proclamation.

FRANKFORT, Ky., January 31.—At a late hour to-night Senator Goebel was alive. His condition, however, is not much changed and the physicians give no hopes for his recovery.

The Wrath of Rev. Dr. Colfelt.

In a viciously bitter article in last week's *Hawkeye* in reference to the Republican congressional situation the editor, who is ordinarily chaste in his language and always sweet and saintlike in manner, completely loses his head and goes off the handle in this fashion:

"It is this small (Bedford) faction which has not the courage to come out and fight in the open, but has sheltered itself behind THE BEDFORD GAZETTE and used this Democratic sheet to pour their *acrid political feculence* upon Republicans more loyal to the party than themselves."

We had been led to believe the Reverend Doctor meant to publish a decent family newspaper and not a smut machine; but if the above is a fair sample of what is to come we would advise his readers to look over his paper in the barnyard before taking it into the home circle. Moreover, if the distinguished divine intends to have his machine habitually loaded with such noisome stuff, we beg that he will not turn the nozzle of his hose again in the direction of THE GAZETTE. It might be an interesting experiment for him to try it on his Philadelphia congregation some pleasant Sabbath morning. We will guarantee it will empty every pew in three minutes by the watch.

James B Montgomery.

James B. Montgomery, brother of Mrs. S. L. Russell, of Bedford, died at his home in Portland, Ore., on Thursday of last week. From the Pittsburg *Post* we glean the following information about the deceased:

News has been received here of the death yesterday in Portland, Ore., of James B. Montgomery, at one time well known in Pittsburg. He was a member of the firm of Gilmore & Montgomery, owners of the Pittsburg *Post*, up until 1858. Many years ago the deceased removed from Pittsburg to the west, although he had always retained great interest in this city. His relatives here are Mrs. James McCren, wife of the first vice president of the Pennsylvania lines west, and W. B. Moorehead, a cousin.

Death of Twins.

Dewey Lee and Ruie Marie, son and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse K. Snoeberger, died in Windber on January 25, of membraneous croup. The deceased were twins and were aged one year and twenty-four days. The remains were brought to Fishertown and interred in the cemetery at that place. Mr. and Mrs. Snoeberger's four-year-old daughter is seriously ill.

CRIMINAL CASES

Returned For the Week of Court Commencing February 5.

Commonwealth vs. Lloyd L. Shaffer: Charge, assault and battery, on oath of Isaac Robison.

Commonwealth vs. John W. Oyler: Charge, assault and battery and aggravated assault and battery and assault with intent to kill, on oath of Henry Faubel.

Commonwealth vs. John W. Steel: Charge, assault and pointing firearms, on oath of Luther Whitehill.

Commonwealth vs. Luther Whitebill: Charge, horse stealing, on oath of A. M. Steel.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Smith and Edward shaffer: Charge, not opening public road, on oath of Wesley Smith.

Commonwealth vs. Elmer Wilt: Charge, cruelty to animals, on oath of C. D. Beegle, agent for Humane society.

Commonwealth vs. Peter S. Miller: Charge, violating liquor laws, on oath of Espy J. Mank.

Commonwealth vs. Jacob C. Bowser: Charge, larceny, on oath of Joseph Richey.

Commonwealth vs. Michael Berkheimer: Charge, absconding from boarding house, on oath of Frank H. Milburn.

Commonwealth vs. Michael Berkheimer: Charge, larceny, on oath of Frank H. Milburn.

E. & H. CASES

Commonwealth vs Samuel F. Hartman, on oath of Susan E Kagarise Same vs. William Colbart, on oath of Emma Eicher. Same vs Harry I. Pearson, on oath of Nellie Leary. Same vs. Henry Vogle, on oath of Lydia McPherson. Same vs Alion Howsare, on oath of Maggie Thompson.

The War in South Africa.

The history of the Boer-British war up to this time has been the story of a series of disasters to Great Britain's forces. The wily burghers have outwitted, outgeneraled and outfought their foes at every point. Engagements that are at first reported as British victories invariably turn out to be disastrous reverses for the queen's soldiers. The Boers have enticed the British into trap after trap and have never failed to administer a crushing blow when the enemy was hopelessly enmeshed. England's enthusiasm over the capture of Spion Kop last week was changed to dark despair and gray gloom when a day or so after the alleged victory it was learned that the British army had again walked right into a spider's web skillfully woven by the Boers and had nearly been exterminated before it could extricate itself. Kruger's men easily recaptured Spion Kop and the English were forced to re-cross the Tugela river to the south side, from which point they had recently advanced with the hope of relieving Ladysmith. The London *Chronicle* places the casualties of the British army up to January 20 at 7,313.

Summer School Will Meet In Bedford.

The executive committee of the County Sabbath School association met in Attorney J. F. Biddle's office on Saturday. Six of the nine members were present. Rev. C. C. Adams, of the Presbyterian church of Bedford, was elected president of the association, Rev. Delo's resignation having been accepted. Rev. Lathrop, of Everett, was appointed to act as secretary in the absence of Miss Redinger from the county during the winter months. The Summer School of the Sabbath School association will meet in our town July 30 to August 3. It is to be conducted somewhat on the principles of the institute. State workers will be present. People will be asked to open their homes to take delegates. It will be the first time such an organization has ever been brought to Bedford and should meet the hearty support of all the people. The next county convention will be held on June 12 and 13. The place of meeting has not been selected. The executive committee will meet again on February 24 in Bedford.

The Township Tickets.

On Saturday the Democrats of Bedford township nominated the following ticket: Judge of election, William I. Eicholtz; inspector, Philip Leonard; school directors, Charles A. Wertz and Herman Dively; tax collector, William Easter; supervisors, B. F. Russell, James Miller, George Eicholtz and Nevin Diehl; auditor, F. R. Reighard; township clerk, Edward Hunt.

On the same day the Republicans of the township selected this ticket: Judge of election, Daniel S Mock; inspector, Henry Shunk; school directors, Albert Arnold and Joseph Smith; tax collector, D. W. Mock; supervisors, William Klotz, William Shatzer, Adam Imler and David E. Zimmers; auditor, George Stickler; township clerk, Job Imler.

Our Ear and Throat Specialist.

Dr. H. B Strock, who makes a specialty of the treatment of diseases of the ear and throat, has left nothing undone to secure the most improved apparatus for the ease and comfort in treatment of those afflicted with dullness of hearing and throat trouble. The recent purchase of a fine "Eureka Nebulizer" has called forth loud applause from the many patients under the doctor's care, who count it a real pleasure now to be treated, whereas, formerly, they dreaded the hour. With the success attending Dr. Strock's treatment we as a community should congratulate ourselves that no longer weary pilgrimages need be made to secure relief from some world-renowned specialist when every facility is within reach for successful treatment at home.

New School Building For Everett.

On last Friday evening the Everett school board made a contract with the Cottage Planing Mill company to erect a new building for school purposes. The new structure will be of brick, 60x80 feet, two stories, with finished basement, and fitted throughout with all modern improvements. The price to be paid is $13,925, with the understanding that the contractors pay $500 for the old building. Work on the excavation was commenced on Tuesday and the building will be completed by September 1.—*Everett Republican.*

PARIS PAPERS

Pay Tribute To the Skill of a Bedford Physician.

FRENCH JOURNALS

Speak Favorably of Dr Enfield's Treatment —He Has Been Invited to Exhibit His Apparatus at the Exposition.

Bedford is rapidly becoming a noted place through Dr. A. Enfield's celebrated mechanical treatment for diseases of the stomach and lungs.

This week the doctor received a letter and also clippings from *Le Figaro*, *Le Temps*, *Courier de la Presse* and other noted Paris newspapers, giving an account of his new discoveries and inventions for the treatment of diseases of the stomach and lungs. Translated, these articles give high praise to the methods of treatment.

THE GAZETTE was furnished with the following synopsis from *Le Figaro's* article: "Here is a new procedure in the science of medicine, exclusively mechanical, invented by a certain Dr. Enfield, of Bedford, Pa., in order to cleanse the stomach which is out of repair. He first begins the treatment by introducing a lamp (electric light) into the stomach, which transilluminates this organ, by which a diagnosis is made with a certainty. He then washes the stomach by means of a solution of hickory ashes in water, through a double tube, which removes all the incrustations, mucous and debris, and this rids the organ of its disease. The doctor also introduces into the patient's stomach a brush, which expands after it enters. This brush is made to rapidly revolve in the stomach by the dental engine, by the electric motor, or by a machine run by hand. This internal massage with the brush restores the lost motion of the organ. Finally a spray of pure oxygen is thrown against the internal walls of the stomach. This is accomplished by forcing it through the tube by compressed air. This destroys the germ life, renders the stomach pure and assists in restoring the physiological and chemical functions."

Dr. Enfield has been requested to exhibit his new apparatus and demonstrate his treatment at the Paris exposition, and to introduce the treatment in France.

The doctor is pleased with the notices from the French press and hopes to be able to form a company in the near future in order to introduce the treatment throughout the United States as well as in foreign countries.

Mrs. Elizabeth Kegg.

Mrs. Elizabeth Kegg died at her home in Mench last Friday, passing from life to death as gently as one falling asleep. She was born in Cumberland Valley, where she spent her girlhood days. She married Sebastian Kegg, of Friend's Cove, where they resided for several years. From thence they moved to Mench, where they spent the remainder of their life. Mr. Kegg preceded her to the great beyond about twenty-two years ago. Mrs. Kegg died at the ripe old age of eighty-seven years, one month and twenty-three days. In early life she connected herself with the Christian church and through her whole life was a devout Christian. The church has lost one of its regular and reverential members, the community a kind neighbor and loving friend. One of her greatest ambitions was to see that the poor and needy were taken care of. She was a model woman in all that the word implies. She was the mother of twelve children. Seven preceded her to the spirit world. She leaves to survive her two sisters—Mrs. John R. Jordan, of Bedford; Mrs. William Speaker, of Alliance, O., one brother, Josiah Zembower, of Mench, and the following children: Mrs. David Calhoun, Mrs. Simon Bussard, Levi Kegg, Solomon Kegg and Mrs. Samuel Morris, all of whom reside in the immediate vicinity of Mench. She is also survived by thirty grandchildren and thirty great grandchildren. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. J. R. Logue in the Mount Union church. Interment in the cemetery adjoining the church.

"Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord." W. F. B.

The Two Tickets.

At the primary election on Friday the Democrats of Bedford borough selected the following splendid ticket: Burgess, Dr. Walter F. Enfield; councilmen, David Holderbaum and Patrick Hughes; school directors, Frank Brightbill and James Z. Frazier, Esq.; tax collector, Frank Bowser; auditor, William D. Thompson; judge of election, East ward, Thomas H. Jamison; inspector, J. Rush Mardorff; assistant assessor, A. J. Allen; judge of election, West ward, J. F. Bonner; inspector, Ross C. Fletcher; assistant assessor, Peter Beemiller.

The Republicans nominated Simon H. Sell, Esq., for burgess; William Hartley, Jr., and John V. Kellinger for councilmen; Dr. J. A. Clark and W. A. Morehouse for school directors; C. C. Reamer for tax collector; B. F. Wilson for auditor; William D. Stewart for assistant assessor West ward; Guy Baylor for judge of election; William L. May for inspector; William K. Agnew for assistant assessor East ward; J. Elmer Taylor for judge of election; Clarence A. Points for inspector.

Mrs. David Darr.

SCHELLSBURG, January 31.—The subject of this notice died suddenly at her home in New Town on Tuesday morning between 5 and 6 o'clock. Her maiden name was Sleek, and she was a sister of George B. Sleek, of New Paris, and of Mrs. J. E. Luken, of this place. She is survived by her husband and two daughters Miss Maggie, at home, and Hannah Eberhard, of Washington, D. C. The funeral services will take place to-morrow afternoon and will be conducted by Rev. W. A. Lepley.

GIDEON.

Arthur Corle.

Arthur Corle, the 19-year-old son of William and Melinda Corle, of Lovely, died Tuesday night at the home of Oliver Mock, of Johnstown. His death was due to diphtheria. The parents and several sisters and brothers of the deceased live at Lovely. The body was taken there for burial.

STRIKING SENTENCES.

Gems From Bryan's Great Speech at Harrisburg.

In his remarkable two-hour speech at Harrisburg last week Hon. William Jennings Bryan aroused much enthusiasm by such utterances as the following:

This is a large country, even without the Philippine islands, and it takes a long while to get over it.

The faults of the Republican policies are all traced to one vicious principle. The dollar is made more important than the man. This was not the doctrine of Abraham Lincoln.

I believe in an income tax. It's a just tax, and I intend to fight for it until it is an accomplished fact.

It's the mass of the people who both furnish the fighters for our greatly increased army and who are bearing the burden of the war tax.

There is a wide difference between expansion and imperialism.

No graver question has ever come before the people of the United States for settlement than this Philippine question.

The Republicans cannot find any defense for their new doctrine of imperialism in the utterances and writings of Abraham Lincoln.

Here no man is held in slavery. But the government enters into a treaty with the Sultan of Sulu by which a man is held in bondage until he can make something out of nothing with which to purchase his freedom.

The more man's intellect expands the more he hates foreign domination of his affairs. We dare not educate the Filipinos, lest they read the Declaration of Independence.

Against the infamous doctrine of force and conquest I place the words of the Nazarene, "Peace on earth; good will to men."

Our government cannot continue its policy of passing resolutions of sympathy for struggling sister republics like those in South Africa, because we are in the same business of acquiring new territory by conquest; the government is paralyzed.

Turn On the Light!

Bedford has been flooded for the last three or four days with large yellow bills of the Chicago Optical company, calling attention to the coming of their "eye specialist," who would be at Beckerman's drug store on Tuesday and Wednesday, January 30 and 31. The specialist arrived in Bedford on Monday, in the person of L. Woodcock. On Tuesday morning he was ready for *victims*, and from all accounts was doing a flourishing business until Wednesday afternoon, when he was interrupted by the presence of Officer Mock, who was armed with a warrant for the arrest of the eye specialist, charging him "with opening a transient office within the county of Bedford for the purpose of examining, testing, treating the eye, and proposed to cure certain diseases, without first having complied with the requirements of the act of assembly." Of course the specialist denied the charges preferred against him and wanted to explain to the officer that he had no right to arrest him. After parleying for some time the specialist was arrested and taken before 'Squire Frazier, where he entered into bail in the sum of $100 for a hearing on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. The arrest was made at the instance of the district attorney and the information sworn to by C. D. Beegle. The case attracted considerable interest and many of our citizens awaited the result of the hearing with curiosity. But they were not to be gratified. No hearing was held. The specialist departed on the first train and legal proceedings were dropped. Why? Was there no violation of law? Was a stranger in our midst imposed upon? Was he a violator of any act of assembly passed for the protection of the people? Was he a fraud? Did he pay money to settle his case, and if so, how much and to whom? These are pertinent questions to which the public is entitled to definite answers. Turn on the light!

Claims Polygamy Has Been Abandoned.

Senator Rawlins has presented to the senate a brief memorial from President Lorenzo Snow, of the Mormon church, on the question of polygamy. Mr. Snow says he is persuaded that there is much misunderstanding upon this question. He says that in accordance with the manifesto of President Woodruff of 1890 "the church has positively abandoned the practice of polygamy or the solemnization of plural marriages in this (Utah) and every other state, and that no member or officer thereof has any authority whatever to perform a plural marriage or enter into such a relation.

"Nor," he continues, "does the church advise or encourage unlawful cohabitation on the part of any of its members. If, therefore, any member disobeys the law, either as to polygamy or unlawful cohabitation, he must bear his own burden; or, in other words, be answerable to the tribunals of the land for his action pertaining thereto."

Deeds Recently Recorded.

Thomas Eichelberger to J. C. Eichelberger, lot in Saxton; consideration $1,800.

William T. Rush, by guardian, to Helena A. Rush, lot in Bedford borough; consideration $566.

Emily S. Jamison and others to Helena A. Rush, lot in Bedford borough; consideration $497.

Charles R. Rush to Helena A. Rush, lot in Bedford borough; consideration $8.

Micaiah R. Evans to Lewis C. Bailey, lot in Saxton; consideration $1,200.

Daniel Augustine, by executor, to J. A. Good, 73 acres in South Woodbury township; consideration $3,370.

Elizabeth Keagy to John T. Brumbaugh, 36 perches in South Woodbury township; consideration $1,400.

C. O. Brumbaugh to Elizabeth Replogle, 36 perches in South Woodbury township; consideration $2,000.

Sympathy for Major McNamara.

Major Robert C. McNamara, of Bedford, well known in this vicinity, is, according to THE BEDFORD GAZETTE, seriously ill at this home in that place. The many friends of the genial "Maj." will be sorry to learn of his affliction.—*Altoona Times.*

A WEEK'S HISTORY.

Happenings of the Past Seven Days.

THE IMPORTANT EVENTS

Culled From All Quarters of the Globe and Condensed For Busy Readers—News Items.

Governor Stone has appointed William Scott Harris associate judge of Clinton county.

The senate has increased the appropriation for a public building at Cumberland from $75,000 to $125,000.

State Treasurer Beacom reports receipts during January of $2,707,641, exceeding the largest previous receipts for a month by $56 000.

Jere B Rex, of Huntingdon, chief clerk of the Pennsylvania house of representatives, who was recently stricken with paralysis, is improving.

Falling on a slippery spot, a quantity of nitro-glycerine which a well driller was carrying near Pittsburg on Monday exploded, blowing the man to atoms.

Prof. Alfred J. Henry, for twenty years connected with the weather bureau service at Washington, has been chosen to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Prof. Henry A. Hazen.

The American Anti-Imperialist League, according to a Chicago despatch, claims to have an effective organization in thirty-eight states, Oklahoma and the District of Columbia.

A bill has been introduced to extend the thanks of congress to Miss Helen Gould, of New York, and present her with a gold medal in recognition of her patriotic services during the war with Spain.

In the senate on Monday Mr. Allison presented resolutions, which were adopted without division, electing Charles C. Bennett, of New York, secretary of the senate, and Daniel N. Ramsdell, sergeant-at-arms.

At Kane on Saturday a falling hemlock tree crushed Edward Reed and his son to death The hemlock had lodged against a beech tree and they were endeavoring to dislodge it when the wind swayed the hemlock from its position and it fell on the men.

President McKinley was 57 years old on Monday, having been born at Niles, Trumbull county, Ohio, January 29, 1843. He received many congratulations from visitors and a large number of cablegrams and telegrams felicitating him upon the occasion.

The Kentucky house of representatives on Saturday unseated Henry S. Berry, Republican member for Fayette county, and admitted H. S. Van Meter, the Democratic contestant, by a vote of 51 to 45. This was the first test of strength in the Goebel-Taylor contest.

The case of Brigham Roberts, the Mormon representative-elect from Utah, which has occupied so much of the attention of the house since the assembling of congress, was decided on Thursday of last week by the adoption of a resolution to exclude him by a vote of 268 to 50.

Mayor Geise has discovered that York city cannot accept Andrew Carnegie's gift of a $50,000 library building, because a state law prevents cities of the third-class from appropriating money for library purposes. The pledge for maintenance required by Mr. Carnegie cannot be given.

The hottest weather ever known in Victoria and South Australia was scorching the people there when the steamer Miowera, which has just arrived at Vancouver, B. C., left Sydney. On New Year's Day, in Sydney at 5 p. m., the mercury was above 104 in the coolest place that could be found and in the sun it was 156 Several died of the heat.

The postoffice department is considering a scheme to bind twelve 2-cent stamps in a little volume, tissue paper between the layers, the whole to be of convenient size for the vest pocket, and sell them for 25 cents a volume. The proposition is such an excellent one that its popularity, if carried out, cannot be doubted; but books of 100 stamps should also be made.

A despatch dated Victoria, B. C., January 29, says: "The recent horrible fate of the officers and crew of the steamer Nakamura, who were killed and eaten by natives of the Admiralty islands, has been duplicated in the case of five officers of a Dutch mail steamer who imprudently went ashore and were attacked by the savages of New Guinea. A relief party next day found ashes of bonfires and traces which led them to believe that all five had been killed and eaten by the savages. The New Guinea authorities have sent for a warship."

The secretary of state is in receipt of a telegram from United States Consul Kindrick, at Juarez, Mex., reporting that six Americans have been shot. Their names are Don Cusack, Jack Adridge, George Lunt, Charles Burnes, Lou Webster and Henry Williams. It is said that they were shot by order of General Torres, near Guayamas, on the ground that they were found with Yaqui Indians. The consul has not yet been able to confirm this report, but the secretary of state has suitably instructed our ambassador in relation to the alleged shooting and has also instructed Consul Kindrick to ascertain and report to the ambassador all particulars.

B. H. S. L. S.

The Bedford High School Literary society will not be in session this afternoon on account of examinations occurring to-day. The question discussed at last Friday's meeting, *Resolved*, That trusts are injurious to the country, was decided in favor of the negative speakers—Emily Statler and Charles Defibaugh. Those who spoke in general debate were Harry James and Jessie McNamara.

Word From Washington.

Representative Joseph E. Thropp, of the Twentieth district, the multi-millionaire son-in-law of the late Thomas Scott, of railroad fame, will give a dinner at his residence here next Monday night to the members of the Pennsylvania delegation in congress.—*Washington Correspondent of Philadelphia Inquirer.*

SAXTON SQUIBS.

The Week's Happenings In the Hustling Borough.

SAXTON, January 31.—Rev. Richard Hinkle was in town a short time this week on his way home to Everett from Dudley, where he had been officiating at the funeral of the Rev. John Palmer, of that place. Rev. Palmer was one of the old landmarks of that region and was recognized among the pioneer preachers of the early days of Broad Top Methodism.

Mrs. Joseph Figart, an aged lady of Six Mile Run, died at her home on last Saturday. The deceased was the mother of Mrs. A. D. Neary and Mrs. John W. Grimes, of this place.

Dr. C. O. Miller is confined to his bed with an attack of inflammatory rheumatism. We hope to record his speedy recovery. John Alexander is also off duty, sick

C. L. Bailey has purchased the Dr. M. R. Evans property on Railroad avenue now occupied by J. H. Gibboney, Esq. He will erect a jewelry store room on a part of the lot.

Mrs. William Cypher the other morning presented her lord and master "Boston Bill," the hustling merchant in Stonerstown, with two bouncing big boy babies. He is now prepared to receive all the trade that can be heaped upon him.

The electric lights are now in successful operation and our town is lighted to perfection. The engine and dynamo are dandies, making little if any more noise than an ordinary sewing machine. Come and see us now by night or by day and we will treat you in a way that will surprise you. Our town now lacks nothing necessary to the needs of a hustling borough.

We are sorry to hear of the illness of Hon. R. C. McNamara and we voice the sentiment of all our people here in wishing him a speedy recovery to health.

The revival services in the M. E. church closed last night after three weeks of successful work. The services in the Church of God are still in progress.

At a meeting held on Monday evening and endorsed by the Democratic caucus on Tuesday evening the following citizens' ticket was nominated for the coming year: Judge of election, J. A. Bradley; inspectors, T. R. Norris and P. A. Barnett; chief burgess, Thomas M. Barr; councilmen, J. S Crum, P. A. Barnett and Hon. D. M. Stoler; school directors, J. W. Huff, J. C. Stoler and J. C. Eichelberger; high constable, J. G. Bridenthal; tax collector, J. C. Stapleton; justice of the peace, J. W. Horton; auditor, J. W Horton. OBSERVER.

W. W. Shepherd.

W. W. Shepherd died at the home of his son in Conemaugh township, Cambria county, January 25.

"Mr. Shepherd," says the Johnstown *Tribune*, "was born near the town of Bedford in the year 1819, his parents—Joshua and Mary Shepherd—being early-settlers in that vicinity. He was one of a family of five. Samuel Shepherd, who died at New Florence some years ago, and Joseph, residing at Twolick Mills, being brothers, and Annie, who was intermarried with Joseph Mayers and Mary Shepherd, who remained single, both of whom died many years ago at Twolick Mills, his sisters. In 1841 the subject of this sketch married Miss Sarah Beatty, of Westmoreland county, and to their union were born the following children: David Shepherd, Miss Mary Shepherd, of Conemaugh township; Prof. Cyrus L. Shepherd, principal of the public schools of Franklin borough, and Miss Maggie Shepherd, who died in 1890. Mrs. Shepherd, the wife of the subject of these lines, died in 1897, since which time Mr. Shepherd has made his home with his son David. In 1856 Mr. and Mrs. Shepherd moved from Bedford county, where they had taken up housekeeping after their marriage, to Twolick Mills, a few miles south of the town of Indiana, Mr. Shepherd, who was a carder by trade, having secured employment in the woolen mills at that place. They resided there until eight years ago, when they removed to Conemaugh. The deceased was a member of the religious denomination known as the Wesleyan Methodists and for twenty-three years preached to people of that faith. Since removing to Conemaugh township, however, he had attended services at the Dunkard church. Mr. Shepherd was an anti-slavery man in the days of William Lloyd Garrison, the editor of the *Liberator*."

Monday Evening's Musicale.

At the musicale given by the Bedford School of Music Monday evening at the home of Mrs. T. H. Lyons the following programme was rendered:

Dinah's Weddin' ..... *Tracy*
Mandolin and Guitar Club and Orchestra.
Con Amore ..... *Beaumont*
Miss Mary Donahoe.
Sebastopol (guitar solo) ..... Irvin Boor
A Little Story ..... *Oesten*
John Donahoe.
Reign Of Love ..... *Godfrey*
Mandolin and Guitar Club and Orchestra.
Standard Waltz ..... Miss Nellie Boor
(a) Die Blume (violin solo)
(b) Der Fraum ..... *Hauser*
Miss Lethean Haderman.
Zenda Waltzes ..... *Witmark*
Miss Etha Corle.
Spring Song ..... *Mendelssohn*
Mandolin and Guitar Club and Orchestra.
The Garden of Sleep ..... Miss Ake
I'se Gwine Back to Dixie (banjo) .... *White*
Edward Riddle.
Helene ..... *Wollenhaupt*
(Grande Valse Brilliante)
Miss Josephine Smith.
Feast of Flowers ..... Miss Maude Colvin
Home, Sweet Home } Nellson Horne (banjo)
} Nellie Boor (guitar)
Starlight Reverie ..... Charles Phillips
University of Pennsylvania March ..*Adler*
Mandolin and Guitar Club and Orchestra.

Life and Customs of the Oneida Indians.

W. W. Soule, M. E missionary to the Oneida Indians, will deliver a lecture in Bedford Monday evening, February 26. The place will be announced later. The lecture will, with the aid of stereoscopic views, describe the life and customs of the Oneidas. He will have booklets of photographs, illustrating the reservation, for sale, and will have some specimens of Indian work for exhibition. A small admission fee will be charged. The proceeds of the lecture are to be used in church work at Oneida. Mr. Soule has given six years service to these people. Therefore he is sufficiently acquainted with them to describe them accurately.

All persons who attend this lecture will receive entertainment and aid a worthy cause.

CAPITAL CITY CHAT.

Letter From Our Washington Correspondent.

HOT AFTER SCOTT.

Democrats Are Making a Determined Effort To Prove the Illegality of the West Virginia Senator's Election.

Special correspondence of THE GAZETTE.

WASHINGTON, January 30.—Colonel Bryan returned to Washington to attend the Gridiron club dinner. He is delighted with the reception he has met with in the east and says the Republicans will be surprised when the votes are counted, if they really believe, as they pretend to, that all of the eastern states will support Mr. McKinley and the present policy of the administration. He says he has found the Democrats, everywhere he has been, preparing to put up a stiff fight this year and is encouraged to believe that they have a good chance to elect the next president.

The sturdy opposition to the ship subsidy job has frightened Mr. McKinley not a little and it is among the probabilities that the bill providing therefor may be held over until the next session. This isn't because the Hanna-McKinley crowd have any idea of abandoning the job, but because they are beginning to be afraid that if it is jammed through before the presidential election it will defeat the Republicans and elect a Democratic president and congress.

Senator Scott, of West Virginia, is getting a little uneasy about his seat, notwithstanding the big Republican majority in the senate. The Democrats are hot after Scott. Able arguments, showing the necessity for an investigation, were made before the senate committee on elections by Judge J. H. Holt and Frank L. Welles. They told the committee that a very short investigation would show the illegality of Scott's election and that among the witnesses they would like summoned was the governor of the state, who threatened to call out the militia to force the recognition of a rump legislature.

Germany has made a formal protest against the customs regulations of the United States applicable to merchandise imported from Germany, and Secretary Hay has referred the protest to congress, accompanied by a letter from Secretary Gage, saying that no changes in the regulations can be made without amendment of the Dingley tariff law.

The growing extravagance in public expenditures may well be regarded with alarm by the conservatives. It is not confined to any one branch of the government, but may be found in all of them, and if not checked, will sooner or later lead to ruin. A member of the house committee on naval affairs figures that the cost of educating each cadet at Annapolis, after the proposed new buildings there are completed, allowing legal interest on the money invested in the plant, will not be less than $15,000 a year.

Representative Moody made a hit when he made a few remarks in opposition to a bill authorizing the secretary of the state to pay to a British company the cost of repairing the Manila-Hong Kong cable, cut by Admiral Dewey. He said with strong emphasis: "Before we spend any money doing grace to citizens of Great Britain let that government pay what it owes to the citizens of the United States." He suggested that the secretary of state, instead of urging the passage of this bill, send to the house a list of the claims against the United States and Great Britain by the citizens of those countries, with a view to legislation for the establishment of a commission to settle them all. Representative Adams, of Pennsylvania, made an appeal for the passage of the bill, recommended by the president and the secretary of state, as an example for Great Britain to follow, but Mr. Moody spoiled the appeal by remarking: "But she doesn't follow; we continue making examples and she refuses to follow." The bill was not acted upon.

The Republican senators have been compelled to change their programme on the gold standard bill. They had not intended to do any speaking, but under the taunts of Senator Jones, of Arkansas, Senator Allison announced that himself and other Republicans would speak in defense of the bill. The action of the Democratic caucus in deciding to offer a free coinage substitute for the gold standard bill at the proper time has been well received by Democrats. While this substitute cannot pass, it will receive the votes of all the Democrats who supported the Chicago platform, of all the Populists and of all the silver Republicans, and will spike a few Republican guns.

The Roberts case may not end with the action of the house, as he has been advised to appeal to the courts, on the ground that the house violated the right of a sovereign state in declaring his seat vacant. Mr. Roberts admitted that he had been looking up the law and that he believed that he would have a good case on that ground, but declined to say whether he would go into court with it.

Sunday School Expansion.

In these days of national expansion the Sunday school people are well up-to-date. The Pennsylvania State Sabbath School association, 913 Crozer building, Philadelphia, finds the Home Department expanding so rapidly that one secretary, Rev. E. F. Fales, is giving his time to that department alone. What is the Home Department of the Sunday school? It is a remarkably successful effort to include parents, invalids, those obliged to work on Sunday and travelers in the plan of Bible study by systematic visitation and friendly help. This is a great extension of the Bible school. But there are others like the Bible Union for Men and Women now taught by such remarkable men as ex-Governor Pattison, with five hundred in his class; Associate Justice of the Supreme Court David J. Brewer, several hundred; Hon. John Wanamaker, over two thousand; James McCormick, Esq., with three hundred; and many others. And another expansion is the beautiful Cradle roll, which gathers all the babies and their mothers under the sheltering care of the school.

PERSONAL NOTES.

People Who Move Hither and Thither in This Busy World.

Miss Cora McGirr is spending some time with friends in Wilmington, Del.

Messrs. M. W. Corle and H. V. Kegg spent several days this week in Windber.

Mrs. Henry Sides and son, of Bard, spent a few hours in Bedford on Tuesday.

Dr. Ethel DeMoray, of Washington, D. C., was in Bedford a few days this week.

'Squire W. H. Clouse, of Woodbury, was greeting friends in Bedford on Monday.

Yesterday Miss Sue Jordan left for a visit to friends in Pittsburg and Mount Pleasant.

Mr. J. F. Reed was in Windber this week making arrangements to open an insurance office there.

Ex-Sheriff Andrew Dodson, of Hopewell, was in town on Wednesday shaking hands with his many friends.

Messrs. George R. Imler, of Woodbury, and W. H. Claycomb, of Pleasantville, were in town yesterday.

Messrs. Frank Oster, of St. Clairsville, and George S. Potter, of Woodbury, were in town on Wednesday.

Among Tuesday's visitors to Bedford were Messrs. P. I. Miller, of Evits, Samual Werking, of New Enterprise, and Levi Kegg, of Mench.

Messrs. Samuel Snyder, of Baker's Summit, D. B. Weaver, of Saxton, and Baltzer Snyder, of Chapman's Run, were in Bedford on Tuesday.

Mr. Jacob C. Barton, of Ray's Hill, Rev. John Barney, of Clearville, and Mr. M. D. Barndollar, of Everett, were among Monday's visitors to Bedford.

Dr. J. E. W. Armstrong, general manager of the New York dental parlors, Lebanon, is spending a vacation here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Armstrong.

Rev. H. C. Currie, of Six Mile Run, Bedford county, a former resident of Altoona and well known to a number of our citizens, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Currie, 314 Eleventh street.—*Altoona Tribune.*

The following gentlemen were Bedford visitors on Monday: Messrs. W. F Souder, of Riddlesburg, R. H. Kay, of Six Mile Run, D. Z Replogle, of Waterside, Wesley Bennett, of Hewitt, and J W. Buchanan, of Cook's Mills.

Among Wednesday's visitors to the county capital were Messrs. S. A. Little, of Saxton, J. T. Cullen, of Six Mile Run, L. S. Colvin, of Schellsburg, J. J. Lowery, of Hyndman, J. C. Williams, T. H. Slack and E. T. Ealy, of Schellsburg, C. A. and Emanuel Claycomb, of Weyant, and D. R Dooly, of Maria.

Tribute To Mrs. Kiser.

The following tribute to Mrs. Eliza Kiser, who died at her home in Bedford January 24, was written by a friend of the deceased and published in the Shippensburg *News:*

"It is twenty-eight years since we met the subject of this sketch, and although she had grown feeble with age, she was the same affectionate woman, clinging to her kindred with a sincere and deep interest in the welfare of all. Her gentle manner carried sweetness into every heart. She was ever ready to excuse the mistakes of others, and it mattered not what the offense might be, she was willing to return good for evil, and, in doing so, she has gone to heaven without leaving a scar on any heart. Her greatest affliction was the loss of her hearing many years ago, which kept her from the sanctuary; but that affliction evidently developed a high standard of piety, and her humble, childlike faith gave to her a strong religious character, which shall be missed in her church and in the community in which she lived. No one could visit her without feeling her every day life was a benediction upon them.

"Not being able to hear the conversation about her never seemed to grieve or make her impatient, but she waited until it could be communicated to her in other ways Her large family had no greater pleasure than to cluster around her during the summer months. Old and young had her tenderest sympathy and her advice was always timely and duly accepted. When the house was overflowing with children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren she looked upon all with equal pleasure and they in turn felt her magnetic influence and the greatest deference was ever shown her. The going out of her life leaves a blank which is irreparable, but she must fill a beautiful sphere which she so richly deserves and for which she was richly fitted."

Religious Services.

Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. E. M. Stevens, pastor.—Services on Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Epworth League devotional exercises at 6

Bedford Gazette.

Established in 1805

THE GAZETTE is the leading newspaper of Bedford county and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE IS A MODEL AMONG COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS.—*New York World.*

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The Gazette Publishing Co.,
BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, Feb. 2, 1900.

TURN ON THE LIGHT!

Nobody was surprised when it was announced that the house committee, to which was referred Mr. Sulzer's resolution for the investigation of Secretary of the Treasury Gage's questionable transactions with the Standard Oil bank and his action with regard to the sale of the custom-house, had decided that there was nothing to investigate. This justifies the rounds to the effect that the administration was afraid to have the light of publicity turned upon its banking policy and intended to squelch the investigation. It is patent to all that there is work for an investigating committee. In the correspondence which he sent to congress Secretary Gage included two letters—one from ex-Controller Hepburn, of the National City bank, of New York, which asks that the bank be retained as a public depository because its list of directors shows that it has "great political claims, in view of what was done during the campaign of last year" (1896) The other is from President Stillman, of the same bank, and states that it would "help matters in Wall street" if the secretary would defer the payments to be made by the bank to the government on account of the Central Pacific railroad sale. No fault can be found with Secretary Gage because he received these letters—for a man cannot prevent letters from being sent to him—but he is culpable because he was influenced in his official actions by them. The deposits not only remained in this bank controlled by the greatest trust of the age—the Standard Oil—but they were increased from a few thousands to about $17,000,000 and the Southern Pacific payments were deferred. These transactions, in connection with the custom-house deal, are sufficient, in the opinion of fair-minded men, to call for a thorough, impartial investigation. The search-light should be turned on the treasury department.

BUNCOMBE PLAY.

Our Washington correspondent, who has kept an eye on the movements of the national legislative body for years, turns the X-ray upon one of the chief articles of the stock in trade of the Republican party thus:

"The great buncombe play of the Dingley tariff bill is about to draw to a close in the rejection of the various reciprocity treaties negotiated by Commissioner Kasson with various countries of the world. Ever since Mr. Blaine originated the phrase some years ago reciprocity has been something for the Republicans to conjure with in the campaigns and shelve after these were over. During the McKinley campaign the speeches of the Republican spell-binders pictured in glowing terms the beauties of reciprocity and promised that all the objectionable parts of a high tariff should be done away with by means of it. Instead of giving our markets to the world, we were to use them in securing trade with nations who were willing to reciprocate. It was a beautiful picture. But when the time came to frame it into law there was a hitch. Sections were proposed that would lead to real reciprocity; sections that would give the president power to make reductions when other countries made equivalent reductions; sections that would have resulted in a genuine extension of trade. But all these were voted down, and finally a bogus article was fixed up to deceive the people. The president appointed Mr. Kasson, of Ohio, as commissioner to negotiate treaties, and to the consternation of the Republicans, he went ahead and did so, making treaties with the British West Indies, with France and a very fine treaty with Argentina. But ever since these were made public immense pressure has been brought to bear on congress to secure their rejection. Every industry which had its protection cut down, and none was cut more than 30 per cent., sent delegates to congress to oppose the treaties. Each was enamored of the principles of reciprocity and each was perfectly willing to cut his neighbor's protection to secure it, but nobody was willing to sacrifice his own. The wool men of Ohio, the fruit growers of California, the tobacco men of Connecticut are all mustering in force. And there is little doubt that the treaties will be defeated."

ALL efforts to abbreviate 1900 will surely come to naught.

THE bubonic plague is raging in Manila, but O is is in no danger. He is not catching anything these days. He seems to be resting on his honors: the capture of Mme. Aguinaldo's wardrobe and a few relatives of the elusive Aggie

THERE is a good deal more truth than poetry in the oft-repeated assertion that the Republican party is under too many obligations to the trusts to interfere with their operations. The only hope of relief from these tyrants lies in the Democratic organization, the real champion of the people.

SENATOR HOAR, the veteran Republican statesman, is authority for the statement that the president's proclamation to the Filipinos was toned down by General Otis in order to prevent a revolt But the natives got hold of an unexpurgated copy and it aroused them to the fighting point.

WHEN Representative Richardson, of Tennessee, exposed the attempt of the Republicans to send through the mails under government franks arguments by civilians in favor of the infamous ship subsidy bill the G. O. P. "rooters" pleaded "inadvertence." It is strange how Republican "inadvertence" always points in one direction as persistently as the needle to the pole.

ACCORDING to the English newspapers the British are disappointed with the attitude of the American people with regard to the war in South Africa It seems that Johnny Bull was under the impression that the entire country was backing him in his unjust war upon the Boers. Our English cousins looked upon Mac and Mark as the whole show—and now the illusion is being dispelled.

DEAR GAGE, burn this letter! The vice president of the National City bank, of New York, neglected to add this very important postscript to the letter he wrote Secretary of the Treasury Gage, claiming favors on account of the political strength of the directorate and on account of "what was done in the campaign." The directors of this highly favored institution include many men prominent in the Standard Oil company and other trusts, and while it would be a difficult matter to prove that Gage was influenced by the epistle, nevertheless the existence of the letter leaves a bad taste in the mouth.

Rope Walking at Niagara.

The man who wanted to walk across Niagara Falls on a rope was wisely restrained by the authorities Probably he is thankful that such was the case. Death comes soon enough. Take the inroads of disease for example Common ailments like constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria and nervousness, do much to shorten life. There is a medicine that will cure these, if taken faithfully, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Set the stomach right, and good health is sure to follow. This peerless remedy has a record of over fifty years of cures to back it up When in need of a medicine of this kind, get the old reliable Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, with a Private Revenue Stamp over the neck of the bottle.

International S. S Lesson for February 4.

THE FIRST DISCIPLES OF JESUS.—John 1:35-46. Read the chapter.

GOLDEN TEXT.—"And they followed Jesus."—John 1:37.

In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. The same was in the beginning with God. All things were made by Him, and without Him was not anything made that has been made. In Him was life, and the life was the light of men. And the light shines in darkness, and the darkness apprehended it not There was a man sent from God whose name was John. The same came for witness, that he might bear witness of the light. There was the true light, even the light which lights every man coming into the world. He was in the world, and the world was made by Him, and the world knew Him not.

He came unto His own, and they that were His own received Him not. But as many as received Him to them gave He right to become the children of God, even to them that believe on His name: which were born, not of blood, nor of the will of the flesh, nor of the will of man, but of God. And the Word became flesh and dwelt among us (and we beheld His glory, the glory as of the Only Begotten from the Father), full of grace and truth. John bare witness of Him, saying, "This was He of Whom I said, He that comes after me is become before me: for He was before me."

John sees Jesus coming unto him, and said, "Behold the Lamb of God, which taketh away the sin of the world!" Again on the morrow John was standing and two of his disciples; and he looked upon Jesus as He walked, and said, "Behold, the Lamb of God!" And the two disciples heard him speak, and they followed Jesus. And Jesus turned and beheld them following and said unto them, "What seek ye?" And they said unto Him, "Rabbi (which is to say, being interpreted, Master), where abidest Thou?" He said unto them, "Come, and ye shall see."

They came, therefore, and saw where He abode; and they abode with Him that day; it was about the tenth hour. One of the two that heard John speak, and followed Him, was Andrew, Simon Peter's brother. He finds first his own brother Simon and said unto him, "We have found the Messiah (which is, being interpreted, Christ.) He brought him unto Jesus. Jesus looked upon him, and said, "Thou art Simon, the son of John; thou shalt be called Cephas (which is, by interpretation, Peter).

On the morrow He was minded to go forth into Galilee and He finds Philip, and Jesus said unto him, "Follow me." Now Philip was from Bethsaida, of the city of Andrew and Peter. Philip finds Nathaniel and said unto him, "We have found Him, of Whom Moses in the law, and the prophets, did write, Jesus of Nazareth, the son of Joseph." And Nathaniel said unto him, "Can any good thing come out of Nazareth?" Philip said unto him, "Come and see." Jesus saw Nathaniel coming to Him and said of him, "Behold, an Israelite, indeed, in whom is no guile!" Nathaniel said unto Him, "Whence knowest Thou me?" Jesus answered, "Before Philip called thee, when thou wast under the fig tree, I saw thee." Nathaniel answered Him, "Rabbi, Thou art the Son of God; Thou art the King of Israel."

A Night of Terror

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham, of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from Pneumonia before morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her" This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases. Only 50c and $1 Trial bottles free at J. R. Irvine & Co's drug store.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures fever sores, ulcers, boils, corns, all skin eruptions Best pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by J. R. Irvine & Co., druggists

Piles of People

testify to the merit of BANNER SALVE in curing piles. It is guaranteed. All dealers.

KEYNOTE OF CAMPAIGN

Sounded By Hon. William Jennings Bryan.

INDORSED FOR PRESIDENT

Democratic State Committee Declares In Favor of His Candidacy—the Nebraskan's Great Speech.

HARRISBURG, January 29.

When William J. Bryan made his appearance in the Board of Trade Auditorium Thursday afternoon of last week he faced from the platform the members of the Democratic central committee of Pennsylvania, which at the close of a regular business meeting had just adopted a resolution setting the seal of its approval upon his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for president of the United States and pledging thereto the support of the Democracy of the Keystone commonwealth.

That he has imbued the Democracy of Pennsylvania with hope of victory in the national campaign is apparent among the retainers of the organization, some of whom declare their confidence not only in Bryan's nomination, but also in his triumphant election. Col. James M. Guffy, the party leader in the state, predicted that the Nebraskan would receive Pennsylvania's 64 votes solid in the national convention; that he would be nominated unanimously, just as McKinley will be by the Republican convention, and that Bryan's nomination will be followed by his success at the polls in November next

Colonel Bryan reached the city at 2:55 p.m. He came alone and was met at the Pennsylvania railroad station by Mayor Fritchey and City Chairman Hummell, representing the Democrats of this city, and Col. James M. Guffey, the Democratic national committeeman for Pennsylvania; Ex-State Chairman John M Garman and E F. Kerr, of Bedford county, representing the state organization

It was raining briskly when he arrived, the sky was overcast and there was no sign of clearing weather, but the Nebraskan was given a cordial and apparently spontaneous welcome despite the unfavorable meteorological conditions.

While the reception committee was greeting the distinguished guest an army of Democrats from the different sections of the state, who had come here to testify their loyalty to their national leader and his cause and be on hand for the state committee meeting, gathered about the station headed by the city committee of Harrisburg and the Dauphin county committee, and led by the Citizens' band, of Steelton. Colonel Bryan and the reception committee took carriages, which the big escort and the band accompanied on foot along Market street to the Board of Trade Auditorium.

When Colonel Bryan walked on the stage of the Auditorium there was an uproar.

As Bryan was to deliver a speech in the evening his remarks at this time were brief but full of meat. His auditors listened with rapt attention and punctuated his points with ringing applause.

One of the greatest political gatherings ever known in this city was that held at Kelker Hall in the evening, which was addressed at length by the Democratic leader, William J. Bryan Fully 4,000 people were present. There were no seats in the main portion of the auditorium and only 500 of the audience who were in the gallery could sit down. These comprised a couple of hundred women.

Mayor Fritchey presided and introduced Colonel Bryan, referring to him as the champion of the whole people and the foremost American citizen of the day.

Colonel Bryan spoke with his old-time fervor and he was frequently interrupted by applause. The audience was enthusiastic and in thorough sympathy with the orator, who declared that he felt entirely at home among the Democrats of Pennsylvania, despite the adverse condition which the party has to contend with in this locality. Continuing, Mr. Bryan said:

"I congratulate the Democracy of Pennsylvania on the auspicious opening of the campaign of 1900. In 1896 the Democracy of this state, in spite of desertions and dissensions, polled a vote almost equal to any former vote for a Democratic candidate. This year, unless signs fail, we shall largely increase our vote in this state, both because of the issues and because of the hostility which machine politics is arousing among Republicans who believe that the people of Pennsylvania ought to be allowed to govern themselves, even if they have doubts upon the right of the Filipinos to govern themselves."

Mr. Bryan said that in 1860 Lincoln wrote a letter in which he said that the Republican party believed in the man and the dollar, but that in the case of conflict it believed in the man before the dollar. I want to assert "that to-day the Republican party, instead of putting the man first and the dollar afterward, puts the dollar first and the man afterward, if at all.

"People ask why I don't drop the money question, as if I were to drop it it might break. It would have no effect on the money question if I did drop it. It is in the keeping of no man and it would not make any difference whether I adhere to it or disregard it. But if you will ask me why I do not drop it I will tell you that I am not willing that a handful of English bankers shall control 70,000,000 of American people.

"But you will hear the people say that new conditions have arisen that now make the gold standard palatable. Isn't it strange that men who have labored to fasten the gold standard on this country for thirty years should now be defending their position by arguments that have arisen since the election? When I say that reverses in a war with a handful of Boers will shake our financial system, where will be the gold standard if England ever attacks a nation of her size and gets into a real war? When we join ourselves to the gold standard, when we make gold alone the legal tender for the payment of debts, we connect ourselves with every disturbance in Europe and make ourselves dependent upon their condition for our prosperity."

Colonel Bryan said that the Republican party seeks to fasten upon this country a perpetual and ever increasing debt in order that the banks may control the volume of the people's money. When a man tells you now that more gold means more money, and that more money means better times, you tell him that he has admitted the quantitative theory of money and that is what we contended for in 1896 We wanted more gold and we wanted more silver, too. If we had had bimetallism we should have had all the advantage that has come from an increased production of gold. And, in addition thereto, we would have had the advantage of silver being used as standard money along with gold

On the question of trusts Mr. Bryan said: "If they are bad are you going to say you can't help yourselves; that you have got to submit to the trust or to the monopoly? The American people don't have to submit to anything that is detrimental to their welfare. In a government like ours if things are bad it is because the people permit them to be so; you can destroy the monopoly when you want to. The trouble is that the monopoly never makes an open warfare in its defense, but secretly controls the instrumentalities of government and thus protects itself."

Mr. Bryan said he believed that congress has the power and ought to exercise it to say that no corporation organized in any state shall do business outside of that state until it secures permission from congress or some body created by it, and that permission can be granted only when the corporation shows that there is no water in its stock and that it is not attempting to monopolize any branch of business or the production of any article of merchandise. Money in private hands is bad and that being so it cannot be delegated and, therefore, you must devise and enforce such remedies as will be safe for the protection of the people.

On the Filipino question he said: "Let us tell the Filipinos that, having driven the Spaniards out, they are to stand up and be free and then say to all the world, 'hands off and let that republic work out its destiny.' Tell me that we are pleading the cause of the Filipinos? No, we are pleading the cause of the American people. If the Filipinos were to die to-morrow the world would go on; but if this nation ceases to be a republic the light of civilization would go out forever.

"To what nation, then, does struggling humanity look for hope and inspiration? If you want to see the sad inroads of this doctrine upon the conscience of the American people let me point you to what is going on down in South Africa. A republic fighting with an empire. In every contest here tofore between monarchy and republicanism the American people have expressed their sympathy. When Greece was struggling to be free Webster and Clay exerted their eloquence in defense of a resolution pledging sympathy; when the Cubans were fighting for their liberty all parties declared the sympathy of the American people; but what do we find now? We find that when the English government is attempting to take from the people of the Boer republic the right to govern themselves the people who believe in imperialism in this country dare not say a word to express their sympathy with the people over there. This is the paralysis that is already creeping over this nation."

The H. & B. T. R. R

There is no road in the interior of this state that is more deserving of its present prosperity than is the Huntingdon and Broad Top. It was among the pioneer railroads in Pennsylvania. Built for the purpose of developing the coal lands of Huntingdon and Bedford counties, it has done so. The opening of these lands was followed by the building of furnaces, ending in the construction of the big plants at Riddlesburg and Saxton. Its terminus was at one time Hopewell, where its shops and round houses were located. Then it branched out and ended at Mt. Dallas. Later it connected with the Bedford division of the Pennsy and now over its rails passes a great amount of the output of the West Virginia region. Saxton has become its principal town and the company shops there compare favorably with those of corporations which are in a position to have much finer ones. There is no secret regarding the reasons leading to the success attained by the Broad Top. It consists of a conservative policy and wise management.—*Exchange.*

It has been fully demonstrated that Ely's Cream Balm is a specific for Nasal Catarrh and cold in the head. This distinction has been achieved only as the result of continued successful use. A morbid condition of the membrane in the nasal passages can be cured by this purifying and healing treatment. Sold by druggists or it will be mailed for 50 cents by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. It spreads over the membrane, is absorbed and relief is immediate.

A. L. Terryll, Devereaux, Mich., writes: "Brant's Balsam cured my wife of chronic Asthma." Warranted to cure everybody—25 cents. The Heckerman Drug & Dye Co.

The Delicious Fragrance

from a hot Royal Baking Powder biscuit whets the appetite. The taste of such a biscuit—sweet, creamy, delicate and crispy—is a joy to the most fastidious.

ROYAL Baking Powder improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of all risen flour-foods. It renders the biscuit, bread and cake more digestible and nutritious.

Royal Baking Powder makes hot breads wholesome. Food raised with Royal will not distress persons of delicate or enfeebled digestion, though eaten warm and fresh.

Imitation baking powders almost invariably contain alum. Alum makes the food unwholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

WITH THE STORY-TELLERS.

Sanctum Sketches—Press Pick-ups—Some Twice-Told Tales.

A Witty Urchin.

The persistency of a street urchin who wishes to earn money is sometimes annoying, but generally excusable, says the London *Tit-Bits.* Now and then it becomes amusing and almost irresistible.

"Say, mister, do you want your bag carried?" asked such a boy, running after a man who was hurrying along the street, evidently bound for the railroad station.

"No, I don't," answered the man a little sharply.

"I'll carry it all the way for a penny," persisted the boy.

"I tell you I don't want it carried," said the man, quickening his pace.

"Don't you?" said the boy, breaking in a trot to keep abreast of his victim.

"No, I don't," said the man, glancing fiercely at his small tormenter.

"Well, then, mister," said the urchin, with an expression of anxious and innocent injury on his round, dirty face; "what are you carrying it for? Why don't you set it down?"

In spite of himself, the man's mouth twitched, and with a "There, take it," he passed over the bag to his persistent companion.

A Left-Handed Compliment.

General Grosvenor was walking through the corridors of the capitol the other day when a lady approached him.

"I beg your pardon," said she pleasantly, "but isn't this Congressman Grosvenor, of Ohio?"

"Yes, madam," was the reply.

"I thought so," she continued. "You see, I recognized you from your pictures in the papers." Then she paused a moment, while General Grosvenor also waited.

"General Grosvenor," said the lady, with a touch of timidity in her voice, "couldn't you give me a ticket of admission to the galleries?"

Quite gallantly the Ohio congressman procured a card, filled it out and signed his name. The lady went on her way rejoicing. General Grosvenor stood for a moment thoughtfully. "Well," he said, "that is the first time I ever knew I really looked as bad as my pictures."

Marriage Commandments.

Mrs. Jesse W. Williams, a New York woman, advocates the opening of schools for matrimony. Mrs. Williams would have the schools for matrimony include all the branches of household or mental or moral science that go to make up domestic happiness. In the category of virtues that go to make up a good wife Mrs. Williams includes:

How to cook.
How to sew.
How to take care of children.
How to preserve your health.
How to preserve your beauty.
How to get on with your husband's and your own relatives.
How to keep your servants.
How to receive pleasantly the unexpected guests your husband brings home "without a word of notice."
How to be kind, though frank.
How to keep no secrets from your husband and to keep them from everyone else in the world.
How to economize without being niggardly.
How to hold your tongue when your husband is angry.

These and many more matrimonial arts Mrs. Williams would have taught in the schools for matrimony. She would have every pupil live by these rules which she long ago set down in her journal as marriage commandments.

Stood Death Off.

E B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave-digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at J.R. Irvine & Co's drug store.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by J. R. Irvine & Co.

WITH THE POETS.

Selections Grave and Gay, Wise and Otherwise.

With Her Little Hand In His.

He held her hand in his.
And she was passing fair;
She did not say him nay,
And no one else was there.

He said some words to her
That made her sigh, and they
Had never met before—
She did not draw away!

He looked into her eyes,
Her blushes went and came;
He talked to her of love,
And did not know her name.

He told her she was born
To shatter hearts, to rule;
He was a palmist, she
Was just a little fool.
—Chicago Times-Herald.

Takin' Comfort.

I wouldn't be an emp'ror after supper's cleared away;
I wouldn't be a king, sub, if I could.
So long as I've got health and strength, a home where I can stay,
And a woodshed full of dry and fitted wood.
For Jimmy brings the bootjack and mother trims the light,
And pulls the roller curtains, shettin' out the stormy night.
And me and Jim and mother and the cat set down—
O, who in thunder'd hanker for a crown?

Who wants to spend their ev'nin's settin' starched and prim and straight,
A-warmin' royal velvet on a throne?
It's mighty tedious bus'ness settin' up so thund'rin' late
With not a minit's time to call your own.
I'd rather take my comfort after workin' through the days
With my old blue woolen stockin's nigh the fire's social blaze,
For me and Jim and mother and the old gray cat
Come mighty near to knowin' where we're at.
—HOLMAN DAY, in Lewiston Journal.

The Parson's Limit

He'd been preaching and exorting
For a score of years or so
In a portion of the vineyard
Where the harvesting was slow,
Where the temporal inducement
For his ceaseless diligence
Was a promise of four hundred
For his yearly recompense.

Unrelenting was the ardor
He devoted to the cause,
And, though slowly came the dollars,
Still he labored without pause,
Till one day they came and told him,
As he kicked against the pricks,
That they'd raised their offered stipend
From four hundred up to six.

Then the good man sank exhausted
As he feebly made reply;
"Don't, I pray you, men and brethren,
Thus my patience overtry,
For to glean the four you've promised
Hath so warped my vital store
That 'twould kill me if you taxed me
To collect two hundred more!"
—Boston Courier.

One Thought.

Though time may dig the grave of creeds,
And dogmas wither in the sod,
My soul will keep the thought it needs—
Its swerveless faith in God.

No matter how the world began,
Nor where the march of Science goes,
My trust in something more than man
Shall help me bear life's woes

Let Progress take the props away,
And moldering superstitions fall;
Still God retains his regal sway—
The Maker of the All.

Why cavil over that or this?
One thought is vast enough for me—
The great Creator was and is,
And evermore will be.
—ELLA WHEELER WILCOX, in the January Woman's Home Companion.

Frost Bites and Chilblains

quickly cured by BANNER SALVE, the most healing remedy in the world. All dealers.

Thirty-One Days' Tour To California.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company has arranged for a special personally-conducted tour through California, to leave New York and Philadelphia on February 27, by special Pullman drawing-room sleeping car and connecting at El Paso with the "Mexico and California Special," composed exclusively of Pullman parlor-smoking, dining, drawing-room sleeping, compartment, and observation cars, for tour through California, returning by March 29. Round-trip tickets, covering all necessary expenses, $375 from all points on Pennsylvania railroad. For further information apply to ticket agents; tourist agent, 1196 Broadway, New York; 4 Court street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 789 Broad street, Newark, N. J.; B. Courleander, Jr., passenger agent Baltimore district, Baltimore, Md.; Colin Studds, passenger agent Southeastern district, Washington, D. C.; Thos. E Watt, passenger agent Western district, Pittsburg; or address Geo. W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent, Philadelphia.

"I have always used FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR cough medicine, and think it the best in the world," says Chas. Bender, a newsdealer of Erie, Pa. All dealers.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, 'Oh, it will wear away,' but in most cases it will wear them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose Price 25c. and 50c Trial size free At all druggists

Two Weeks' Tour To Florida.

The first Pennsylvania railroad tour of the season to Jacksonville, allowing two weeks in Florida, will leave New York and Philadelphia February 6 Excursion tickets, including railway transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth) and meals en route in both directions while traveling on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50; Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington, $48; Pittsburg, $53, and at proportionate rates from other points. For tickets, itineraries and other information apply to ticket agents, tourist agent at 1196 Broadway, New York; 4 Court street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 789 Broad street, Newark, N. J; B. Courleander, Jr., passenger agent Baltimore district, Baltimore, Md; Colin Studds, passenger agent Southeastern district, Washington, D. C; Thos. E. Watt, passenger agent Western district, Pittsburg; or to Geo. W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent, Broad Street station, Philadelphia.

To Stop a Cold

After exposure or when you feel a cold coming on, take a dose of FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR. It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time. Take nothing else. All dealers.

A Misunderstanding.

Misunderstood symptoms of disease lead doctors to treat something else when the kidneys are out of order. FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE will bring you health when other medicines have failed. All dealers.

"I had nervous prostration; don't believe any one ever had it worse and lived. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer lifted me out of bed and put me on my feet. I never saw or heard of its equal," so writes Thomas Cashore, Napoleon, Mich. The Heckerman Drug & Dye Co.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

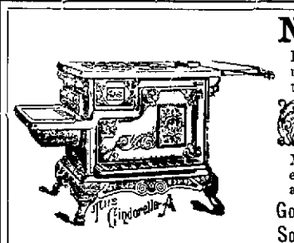
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c. dec3m6

This striking photograph represents the three-year-old son of Mrs. Jess. Potter of 394 South First Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., who says, under date of Sept. 23, 1899, regarding his cure of a disfiguring face humor: My baby's face was covered with ringworms. We could not lay a pin between the sores on his face and neck, and he was a sight to look at. Two doctors attended him for three weeks, without success, when I heard of Cuticura. I got a box of Cuticura Soap, and a box of Cuticura Ointment. I only applied them three days, when I could see his face was better, and in four weeks he was cured. His face is as clear as a bell, and not a mark on it.

In all the world there is no treatment so pure, so sweet, so economical, so speedily effective for distressing skin and scalp humors of infants and children as CUTICURA. A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single anointing with CUTICURA Ointment, purest of emollient skin cures, followed when necessary by a mild dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep to both parent and child, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. Price, THE SET, $1.25; or, CUTICURA SOAP, 25c., CUTICURA OINTMENT, 50c., CUTICURA RESOLVENT 50c POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Baby Humors," free.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK." BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO



NOTHING...

But the best materials and workmanship enter into the construction of the

CINDERELLA STOVES & RANGES

Made with a view of suiting the exact wants of the house-keepers at a moderate cost.

Good Bakers—Perfect Roasters.
Sold with that understanding.

Blymyer Hardware Company,

BEDFORD, PA.

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If you get your packet heads, letter heads, bill heads, envelopes, business cards, etc., at The Gazette job rooms you will be characterized as an up-to-date, progressive, wide-awake merchant.

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Full line of blanks for justices of the peace, notaries public and attorneys.

Gazette deeds and notes are the best in the market. Everybody uses them.

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The Gazette job rooms are equipped with the latest and most popular designs in borders, type, etc.

All kinds of work promptly and skilfully done at lowest prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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RAILROADING PATENTS.

A single firm of patent lawyers, C. A. Snow & Co., of Washington, D. C., have in the last year procured 1,030 patents for their clients, many of them for rejected inventions. C. A. Snow & Co have been accused of railroading patents through the patent office, but they insist that this locomotion is better than ox-carting them, for by the latter process the inventor often dies before he gets his patent.

Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users.
Keeley Cure
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 1040 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA.
Write for free Booklet.
jan12,'00y1

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

BEDFORD DIVISION and HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

In effect November 20, 1899.

NORTH.		STATIONS.	SOUTH.	
p. m.	a. m.	Lv.	Ar.	p. m.	p. m.
2.50	8.10	...CUMBERLAND...	12.05	10.25
3.06	8.24	...STATE LINE Jc...	11.49	10.10
3.30	8.38	...HYNDMAN.....	11.35	9.55
f3.30	f8.47	.....Fossilville.....	f11.27	f9 49
f3.40	8.56	.....Bard.....	f11.15	f9 40
3.44	9.00	....Buffalo Mills....	11.12	9.36
f3.50	f9.06	.Sulphur Springs.	f11.06	f
3.54	9.10	...Mann's Choice....	11.01	9.25
f4.00	f9.15	.....Napier.....	f10.53	f9.10
f4.04	f9.19	.....Wolfsburg.....	f10.49	f9.16
4.10	9.25	.....BEDFORD.....	10.43	9.10
f4.13	f9.29	.....Cliffs.....	f10.39	f9.06
f4.19	9.35	.....Hartley.....	f10.35	f9.02
f4.21	f9.37	.....Lutzville.....	f10.33	f9.00
f4.25	f9.41	.....Ashcom.....	f10.29	f8.56
4.30	9.45	...Mt. DALLAS.....	10.20	8.50
4.33	9.48	.....Everett.....	10.17	8.47
f4.40	f9.56	.....Tatesville.....	10.07	f8.39
f4.49	f10.05	.....Cypher.....	9.54	f8.30
4.57	10.13	.....Hopewell.....	9.45	8.22
5.09	10.17	.....Riddlesburg.....	9.40	8.18
5.13	10.29	...Ar. SAXTON ...Lv.	9.28	8.06
4.20		.....Lv. Dudley ....Ar.	10.06	....
4.35		.....Coalmont.....	9.50	....
4.50		.....Ar. SAXTON ....Lv.	9.35	....
5.13	10.29	Lv. ..SAXTON.... Ar.	9.28	8.06
5.34	10.50	.....Entriken.....	9.07	7.45
5.41	10.57	.....Markleburg.....	9.00	7.38
5.50	11.06	.....Grafton.....	8.50	7.29
5.55	11.10	..McConnellstown...	8.45	7.25
6.05	11.20	....HUNTINGDON....	8.35	7.15
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
6.22	11.32	Lv. Huntingdon. Ar.	6.57	7.10
7.35	1.00	Ar. ....Altoona.....	6.07	5.55
11.20	5.50	.....Pittsburg.....	2.50	12.45
7.10	12.03	Lv. Huntingdon Ar.	6.03	6.22
10.00	2.40	Ar. ..Harrisburg Lv.	3.09	3.45
	p. m.		p. m.	
....	5.47	.....Philadelphia.....	11.20	12.25
				a. m.
....	8.05	.....New York.....	8.00	9.30
		(Desbrosses and Cortland Streets)		
....	8.15	.....New York.....	7.55	9.25
		(West Twenty-third Street Station)		

SUNDAY TRAINS.

a. m.		p. m.	p. m.
.....	8 00	.....Huntingdon.....	6 15 .....
.....	8 10	.....McConnellstown.....	6 05 .....
.....	8 15	.....Grafton.....	6 00 .....
.....	8 25	.....Markleburg.....	5 50 .....
.....	8 32	.....Entriken.....	5 44 .....
.....	8 38	.....Beaver.....	5 38 .....
.....	8 42	.....Cove.....	5 34 .....
.....	8 55	.....Saxton.....	5 20 .....
.....	9 08	.....Riddlesburg.....	5 10 .....
.....	9 12	.....Hopewell.....	5 06 .....
.....	9 20	.....Cypher.....	4 58 .....
.....	9 30	.....Tatesville.....	4 46 .....
.....	9 37	.....Everett.....	4 38 .....
.....	9 40	.....Mt. Dallas.....	4 35 .....
.....	9 42	.....Ashcom.....	4 32 .....
.....	9 45	.....Lutzville.....	4 30 .....
.....	9 48	.....Hartley.....	4 28 .....
.....	9 52	.....Cliffs.....	4 24 .....
.....	9 56	.....Bedford.....	4 20 .....

Trains leave Huntingdon for Tyrone, Altoona and Pittsburg, 6.03, 11.32 A. M., 2.01, 2.39 6.32 and 8.20 P. M. daily; f 12.55 night (except Monday.)

For Harrisburg and the East, 5 57 A. M. week-days, and 6 57, 8.30 A. M., 12.03, 12.35, 3.17, 7.10, 10.12 P. M., f 1 10 night daily.

For rates, maps, time tables and all other information, consult ticket agents or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western District, Cor. Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

f Stops only on notice to agent or on signal.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, J. R. WOOD,
General Manager. *General Passenger Agent.*

West Virginia Central and Pittsburg Ry.

In Effect May 14, 1899.

Southward.			Northward.	
No. 3	No. 1		No. 2	No. 4
P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS.	Noon	P. M.
x3 15	x7 00	Lv..Cumberland..Ar.	x12 00	x6 20
3 43	7 30	.....Rawlings.....	11 31	5 51
3 06	7 52	.....Keyser.....	11 08	5 36
4 16	8 05	.....Westernport.....	10 58	5 20
4 20	8 09	.... W. Va. C. Jct....	10 51	5 13
4 46	8 35	.....Shaw.....	10 28	4 45
5 08	9 00	.....Harrison.....	x10 06	x4 23
c5 10	c9 50	Ar. Elk Garden.. Lv.	c8 10	c3 20
x5 41	x9 35	Lv.... Gorman.....	x9 35	x3 54

BROADBRIM'S BUDGET

Number One Thousand One Hundred and Eighty-Four.

"THE COMMITTEE."

An Impressive Scene in Which Evangelist Moody Was the Central Figure—The Land Tax.

Special correspondence of THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, January 30.—About two years ago a call was issued by a body which styled itself "The Committee." The call, for what committee, it did not state; it was the committee, only this and nothing more. The platform was broad enough to hold all creation and liberal enough to recognize the remote possibilities of salvation for a any person. Answers were plentiful, but performances were few, and during its unhealthy life it was in a constant state of financial collapse. The late Mr. Moody left his own appointed work to assist the cause, and while he was there, saints and sinners crowded the house from the outer doors to the anxious seat. During Mr. Moody's ministration he noticed that the first five seats near the platform were filled each night by exactly the same people and he resolved to find out who they were. After questioning a number he discovered that they were all active church members who had experienced Jesus' saving grace and who had made their calling and election sure. He walked back to the platform and turning around he faced the audience and gazed a moment in silence on the wondering sea of faces before him, and then speaking with that slow deliberation which he so often assumed when he apparently was about to deliver a statement as coming direct from heaven. "When I came here at the invitation of many of your most illustrious citizens I understood and they believed that my mission on earth was the conversion of sinners. Those who have felt in their hearts Christ's saving grace and hope that they have made their calling and election sure may be left to the care of that heaven which they some day hope to inherit. As many of you as are members of any Christian religious organization and desire to work for the salvation of sinners rise up and stand up till you are counted." Fully two-thirds of the audience rose in answer to his invitation. "The ushers need not count," said Mr. Moody, "the answer is sufficient." "The ushers will please conduct any who may desire, any who may wish our prayers to the front seats." The ushers did so, and when all the front seats were filled with anxious sinners he said: "The ushers will now conduct the brethren and sisters to a seat wherever there is a vacancy."

It is hardly necessary to say that a more sorrowful looking lot of saints and a more jubilant lot of sinners never attended a Moody and Sankey meeting and when the inspired vocalist started "Ninety and Nine" it is safe to say that the sinners on the front seats felt many millions of miles nearer heaven than they had ever been before, while the disappointed saints who found seats near the door where they could hardly hear a word that fell from the lips of the great evangelist felt as though they might need a little praying for themselves before they went to sleep that night.

When quiet was restored Mr. Moody said: "My dear friends, my mission here is to save sinners. A tremendous responsibility rests upon us if one of these poor, sinful souls is lost through our neglect. These poor sinners have come here to-night to hear the words of saving grace and to learn if the blood of the Lamb was shed for them. Yes, blessed be God, the vilest sinner that was ever born has a part in that glorious heritage. Let us pray." In an instant the whole of that vast congregation was on its feet and a deep, awful hush seemed to settle on the congregation as though it had suddenly been stricken by the Angel of Death. Mr. Moody's right hand was raised, his face was upturned as though looking right into heaven, his eyes were closed as if to shut out all earthly things.

He began his prayer slowly at first and so low that he could scarcely be heard ten feet away. Gradually his voice rose clear and clarion like, till it pierced every part of the building, and the audience, swayed by the inspired prayer of the evangelist, was as clay in the hands of the potter. I have heard Mr. Moody many times since, but never when he seemed transfigured by such an inspired power. To a few intimate friends Mr. Moody confined his belief that the great revival of the associated evangelical churches of New York would be the crowning glory of his life.

He has been called home, but those who have taken up his work have determined that it shall go forward and that his son shall be the leader of the new evangel. A meeting which was held last week perfected the plan on which the movement is to be carried forward. Where gilded sin now holds high carnival it will receive the earliest attention of these Christian Rough Riders.

The January of 1900 will long be remarkable for the death of men who have occupied the attention of the world and whose doctrines have helped to shape the policy of our times. About five years ago I was walking up Broadway, when I saw three men pass by in a carriage, one of them being the reformer, Henry George, whose policy of the single land tax promised to be the leading feature of the coming national campaign. Henry George was an ideal prophet and politician, deeply read, of unimpeachable honesty and thoroughly immovable when he conceived himself right.

The land tax struck at the very foundation of human government and human rights. At the polls the poorest beggar was the equal of the multimillionaire. The children of poverty looked toward this incorruptible prophet as their savior, a leader and their hope.

He seemed clad in a coat of impenetrable mail—no praise elated him, no condemnation fretted him; he was alike indifferent to both—a prophet and a Christian leader. Beside him sat a scholarly looking, clerical man, whose name at that time was known all over the Christian world. It was Father Edward McGlynn, who a short time before was the pastor of St. Stephen's Roman Catholic church, one of the richest and most popular churches in the city of New York. The pastor of St. Stephen's was an aggressive and popular priest who had just embraced the land tax principles as uttered by Henry George

The other occupant of the carriage was Father Malone, the pastor of the Church of Sts. Peter and Paul, in the city of Brooklyn, who was a warm friend of Dr. McGlynn, who sat by his side, and had nearly brought him within the church's censure.

The conversion of one of New York's favorite priests was an immense gain to Henry George, for Edward McGlynn had a chentage that loved him almost as strongly as they did the principles of the church itself.

The poor of this world are many times greater than the rich. Poverty in its hungry home often feeling the pangs of starvation looks with eager and longing eyes upon the wealth of the rich and desire to share a part of the wealth which its labor has created.

At the time I speak of a series of Sunday meetings had been appointed for the promulgation of the principles which Henry George advocated And it was not without some misgiving, great and powerful as the pastor of St Stephen's was, that his congregation heard that at a public meeting the previous Sunday night Dr. McGlynn declared that the principles of Henry George had received his unqualified approbation.

The Archbishop of New York heard with amazement the utterance of a prominent priest of his diocese and he immediately summoned Dr. McGlynn to his presence. The recalcitrant priest met the archbishop with angry and aggressive temper. The meeting was short and ended with condemnation on one side and defiance on the other.

Then came forth in a solemn form the church's judgment. Dr. McGlynn was silenced and driven forth from his church, followed by the tears and blessings of that mighty congregation. It was then that Dr. McGlynn showed his strong hand and at the public meetings of the Land League ridiculed alike the bishop and the pope. Many thought that by this act he had permanently cut loose from the Roman Catholic church, but he never acknowledged it, for he often said to his friends that he hoped to live within the church's pale and to die in its arms.

Dr. McGlynn and Father Malone, who died within a few days of each other, were friends of a lifetime which no misfortune could ever change. The lives of all three were stormy and troubled, but the doctrines which they advocated had seemingly taken a great hold among the poor. The opposition came from the churches and the wealthy, who used the power they had for their own protection. "Progress and Poverty," Henry George's great life work, although it still finds a place among the gospels of the poor, and while seemingly forgotten and oversloughed by the tremendous events of the last few years, like the bread cast upon the waters, may return after many days.

It is with no small degree of satisfaction that I see William Morrison has been arrested and will be tried for the wilful murder of his wife or mistress, whichever his poor victim was, and the fact that his stupid version of the killing was received by the public authorities with any degree of belief is one of the most extraordinary cases of official stupidity ever recorded in the criminal calendar. And yet he returned to the arms of his first wife and was joyously received notwithstanding the mark of Cain upon his forehead—a mark which, I trust, sooner or later will bring him to the electric chair.

"It seems the very error of the moon comes more near the earth than she was wont, and makes men mad."

There has been a fearful number of murders and suicides that has blackened the calendar of the advancing year.

The report of our national condition has been unqualified prosperity and yet there is no doubt that many of the suicides that have occurred lately were caused by a fear of starvation. Died of starvation was the verdict rendered by a coroner's jury on the body of a poor woman picked up on a street of the Tenderloin district. Riches surrounded her on every side, food was abundant and wealth around her almost beyond computation. And yet one of God's creatures, an immortal soul, surrounded by abundance, died of starvation on the sidewalk!

It is only a few days ago that a poor wretch hardly able to walk came up to a policeman and asked him to arrest him. He said he was starving; he had no shelter for the night and he wanted something to eat and a place to lay his head to shelter him from the freezing winds of a winter night. The policeman replied he could not arrest him, as he was guilty of no crime. The applicant quickly picked up a cobble stone before the policeman could prevent him and smashed through a plate glass that cost $100 in a jeweler's window. He was promptly placed under arrest and thus secured himself food and shelter for the rest of the winter.

There is something radically wrong in our system when a state of affairs like this is possible. Our cities are full of charitable associations; millions of dollars are given them annually, yet scarcely a day passes that some new horror does not make us heart sick as we reflect on the chances of reform. Last week a husband killed his wife and two children and ended the dread carnival of death by blowing out his own brains.

At the present moment the politicians are actively preparing for the coming fray. Some politicians are looking for a leader in Dewey. Let us hope that this level headed sailor knows when he is well off. The road to happiness and fame leads not to the White House, but to that other house presented by the American people and which a loving wife has secured to his posterity. A vast heaving there, good people! Let our worthy admiral alone.

BROADBRIM.

Twenty-Three Days' Tour to Old Mexico.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company has arranged for a special personally-conducted tour through Old Mexico by special Pullman train of parlor-smoking, dining, sleeping, compartment, and observation cars, to leave New York and Philadelphia February 12, visiting all the principal points of interest in the "Land of Montezuma" and spending five days in the City of Mexico. Round-trip tickets, covering all necessary expenses, $300 from all points on the Pennsylvania railroad. For further information apply to ticket agents; tourist agent, 1196 Broadway, New York; 4 Court street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 789 Broad street, Newark, N. J.; B. Courlaender, Jr., passenger agent Baltimore district, Baltimore, Md.; Colin Studds, passenger agent Southeastern district, Washington, D. C.; Thos. D. Watt, passenger agent Western district, Pittsburg, or address Geo. W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent, Philadelphia.

Do You Want Consumption?

We are sure you do not. Nobody wants it. But it comes to many thousands every year. It comes to those who have had coughs and colds until the throat is raw, and the lining membranes of the lungs are inflamed. Stop your cough when it first appears, and you remove the great danger of future trouble.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

stops coughs of all kinds. It does so because it is a soothing and healing remedy of great power. This makes it the greatest preventive to consumption.

Put one of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs

A whole Medical Library Free.

For four cents in stamps to pay postage, we will send you sixteen medical books.

Medical Advice Free.

We have the exclusive services of some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently fit them for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

WITH THE WITS.

"Laugh, and the World Laughs With You; Weep, and You Weep Alone."

O'Loane—"You can get even with me by paying that V you owe me." Borrows—"Even? Ha! that would be odd."—Philadelphia Record.

Milligan—"Did yez convince Casey that he wor in the wrong?" Mulligan—"Oi dinnaw if Oi convinced him, but Oi med him own up to it."—New York Journal.

"Say, I never heard two men hold such exactly opposite views on the same point. Who are they?" "Professional medical experts."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Dasherly—"How's that young doctor getting along in his profession?" Flasherly—"Splendidly! He's discovered three new diseases already."—Kansas City Independent.

"Please take the note," the debtor wrote
To the baker he owed for bread.
But the baker signed, and he then replied,
"I must have the 'dough' instead."
—L. A. W. Bulletin.

He—"Ah, that Miss Rockingham has a face that looks as if it might have been cut out of marble." She—"Yes, I have often noticed her stony stare."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Hardduppe—"You advertise that you buy books. What'll you give me for this one?" Dealer—"We don't want anything less than a whole library." Hardduppe—"Well, this is my whole library."—Philadelphia Press.

"Harold," said the dear girl, "am I the only girl?" Harold groaned involuntarily. "Am I the only girl you ever told she was the only girl you ever told she was the only girl you loved?"—Indianapolis Press.

Little Willie—"Say, pa, did you ever have another wife besides ma?" Pa—"No, Willie. But why do you ask?" Little Willie—"The family record in the Bible says you married Anno Domini 1877."—Chicago News.

There was a young man named Vaughn,
Who arose one day with the daughn,
To find himself broke,
Which was no joke,
For his overcoat he had to paughn.
—Chicago News.

"What is the name of the young noble artist whom you will introduce to me this evening?" "Von Hohenstine-Waldheim-Langenberg-Bernfeld." "Is he distinguished?" "No; he has no name as yet."—Fliegende Blaetter.

"I thought you were going to try to borough only $10 from him, but you say you got twenty." "Yes. I happened to remember just in the nick of time that anyting worth doing at all is worth doing well."—Chicago Evening Post.

He—"This pie isn't anything like grandmother used to make." She—"I guess you mean like your mother used to make." "No, I don't; I've often heard father say mother's pie wasn't like his mother used to make."—Yonkers Statesman.

"I'm in favor of trusts and I hope they may win,"
Said the poor little much-abused pup;
"For the one that's controlling the output of tin
Keeps the price of tin cans away up."
—Catholic Standard and Times.

Mrs. Peppers—"Don't you fret so about burglars, John. Any man that thinks he can steal into this house and walk away with any of my belongings don't know what he's got to deal with." Mr. Peppers—"If he did, Martha, he'd never try."—Richmond Dispatch.

Whitaker—"I want you to make me a new coat for this. This one is poorly made, and besides, it's too large for me." Tailor—"That's easily remedied; I can take it in; make it smaller." Whitaker—"If you did that, you'd simply be contracting a bad habit."—Philadelphia Press.

"Arthur, dear," she said, "I do wish you would not use cigarettes." "Why?" "Because you don't know what is in them." "Oh, yes I do. Why, for the trifling sum that a cigarette costs you get nicotine, valerian, possibly a little morphine and any quantity of carbon." She looked up into his eyes and murmured: "Arthur, dear, it does seem like a bargain, doesn't it?"—Brisbane Review.

Mabie's Shakespeare.

Hamilton W. Mabie's "William Shakespeare," which is appearing in serial form in the magazine numbers of the *Outlook*, is sure to receive a wide reading, because it treats of the vital phases of Shakespeare's life and environment simply and with a sure literary touch. The second part is printed in the February magazine number of the *Outlook*. It deals with Shakespeare's boyhood, education and surroundings at Stratford and is illustrated with many pictures, some quaint in their antiquity, some beautiful in their presentation of the Stratford of to-day. ($3 a year. THE OUTLOOK COMPANY, New York.)

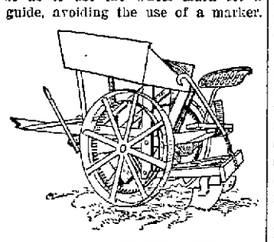
FARM AND GARDEN

INDOOR WINTER WORK.

A Potato Planter—Cost $1.50 and Three Days' Time—How It Operates.

The potato planter shown in the cut has been in use in this neighborhood for three years, says a Rural New Yorker correspondent. It cost me $1.50 and three days' time and works as satisfactorily as a $50 or $60 machine. An old mowing machine frame and wheels from the fence corner of one neighbor, a spring seat, a lifting lever and several old castings from a discarded binder of another, a pair of hillers from an old wooden frame, five tooth cultivator, a new shovel plow point from the store, some nails, bolts and a little old lumber were the materials.

The wheels are placed as far apart as I desired the rows of potatoes to be, so as to use the wheel mark for a guide, avoiding the use of a marker.



HOMEMADE POTATO PLANTER.

The shovel plow is bolted to a solid 3 by 3 piece about two feet long, the other end of which is placed solidly against the under side of the tongue and hinged so that it can be raised and lowered by a lever to which the point is attached by a chain. The lever is shown just in front of the wheel and near the whiffletrees. A rude box of three or four bushels' capacity is built between and over the wheels, slanting toward the seat, so that, as the potatoes are used out of the rear end, those remaining will roll toward the operator, always keeping within his easy reach. A spout or tube four or five inches square leads from the rear of the box to the furrow behind the plow.

The operator sits at his ease on the spring seat, picking up the potatoes and dropping them at regular intervals into the spout. I find it works better to take only one piece in the hand at a time, dropping in the spout with one hand while reaching after a seed piece with the other. The spout is followed by the coverers, which leave the ground slightly ridged over the seed. A cross harrowing just before the sprouts begin to show leaves the ground level and in fine condition.

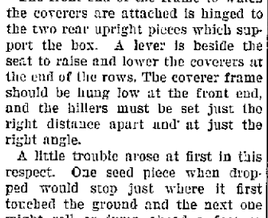
The front end of the frame to which the coverers are attached is hinged to the two rear upright pieces which support the box. A lever is beside the seat to raise and lower the coverers at the end of the rows. The coverer frame should be hung low at the front end, and the hillers must be set just the right distance apart and at just the right angle.

A little trouble arose at first in this respect. One seed piece when dropped would stop just where it first touched the ground and the next one might roll or jump ahead a foot or more, thus making them lie at unequal distances when dropped evenly in point of time. This was overcome by nailing to the front and sides of the lower end of the spout a piece of an old rubber bootleg which touched the bottom of the furrow. Then the seed had to stay right where it dropped.

A man to drive the team and to raise and lower the plow at the ends, another man to feed the machine and operate the lever which controls the coverers and a team which walks not too rapidly can mark, furrow, drop and cover five or six acres in a day. The machine does not work satisfactorily on hilly land. It will work up or down the hill all right, but going sidewise it is inclined to slide.

Automatic Rabbit Trap.

The sketch of an automatic rabbit trap is furnished to the Iowa Homestead by a correspondent, who says:



A RABBIT TRAP.

"It is a rapid firing gun and catches both going and coming and always resets itself. A hole should be dug in the ground to receive a box or barrel and deep enough so the top is just even with the surface of the ground. The trap is then placed on the box with the fall doors directly over it. Cover the sides of the box on each side of the trap and throw a few weeds or brush over it all, leaving the ends of the trap uncovered, and your work is complete. No bait is required. The rabbits are attracted by the brush heap, and when once there they see the opening and try to pass through it and are trapped. To make the trap take two boards 1 by 8, 3½ or four feet long, for the sides and two boards 1 by 4, 4 feet long, for the top and bottom. The top and sides should be nailed together first, then saw the bottom board, leaving the fall doors each about a foot long. Do not saw square across, but leave a bevel, so that the doors will catch when they fall back in place."

If Man Were a Flea.

Snyder, the calculating barber, had not opened his lips for fully four minutes, and it was plain to be seen that he had something on his mind. Finally he swallowed twice, breathed hard for a moment and gave vent to his feelings in this manner:

"I've been thinking what I could do if I were only a flea. I read in a scientific paper the other day that if a man were built on the same lines as a flea he could jump from Philadelphia to Pittsburg in one leap. I mean, of course, if he had all the power of a flea increased in proportion to his size. Think how quickly he could circumnavigate the globe. It might be possible to get around the world in an hour. The distance from Philadelphia to Pittsburg is 354 miles, and the equatorial circumference of the earth is 24,902 miles.

"A simple calculation in mental arithmetic will show you that this would be a fraction over 70 leaps. It surely wouldn't take a minute for each jump, judged from the liveliness of the flea. Think of coming in here, with three or four customers ahead of you, and, instead of sitting down and waiting, just taking a few jumps around the world to kill time. There you are, sir. Witch hazel or bay rum?"—Philadelphia Record.

Kaffir Greeting.

"Saku bona" are the first words a stranger learns of the Kaffir vocabulary. The expression is the common form of salutation used by the natives, and its literal translation is, "I see you." It is considered a mark of respect not to give the greeting immediately, the delay showing the reverence in which the native holds his visitor. Philadelphia Record.

WON'T CURE EVERYTHING

But Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy Will Cure You If You Suffer From Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder or Blood.

Thirty Years of Cure to Its Credit—Trial Bottle Free.

Kidney diseases should be attended to at once, for almost 90 per cent. of our unexpected deaths of to-day are from that cause. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the only sure cure known for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation. It is marvelous how it stops that pain in the back, relieves the necessity of urinating so often at night, drives away that scalding pain in passing water, corrects the bad effects of whisky and beer and shows its beneficial effects on the system in an incredibly short time. It is sold by all drug stores at $1.00 a bottle.

You can tell just as well as a physician whether your Kidneys are diseased or healthy. Fill a tumbler with urine and let it stand 24 hours; if it has a sediment, if it is milky or cloudy, discolored or pale, if it is ropy or stringy, your Kidneys and Bladder are in a dangerous condition and you do not need a physician to tell you so.

If you would like to test Favorite Remedy free of all charge, send your full name and postoffice address to the Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y., and a free trial bottle, together with a pamphlet of valuable medical advice, will be sent you postpaid, provided you mention this paper when you write. The publishers of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

PEACHES AND BLUBBER.

A Story of Arthur Stringer and an Oxford Professor.

Canadians are very touchy on the subject of climate, as Rudyard Kipling discovered when he somewhat thoughtlessly dubbed the Dominion "Our Lady of the Snows." When Arthur Stringer, the young Canadian poet and author, first went to Oxford, he carried with him letters from Professor Goldwin Smith of Toronto to Professor York Powell, the distinguished historian of Christchurch.

The old Oxford don, like one or two other Englishmen, had very vague ideas about Canada and somewhat surprised the young stranger by inquiring if he got along nicely on English roast mutton after living so long on frozen seal meat. The young poet gravely protested that he perhaps missed his whale blubber a little, but the next day cabled home, and in less than a week the finest basket of autumn peaches ever grown in Ontario, carefully packed in sawdust, was on its way to Oxford. A short time afterward the young author was again dining with the regius professor at Oxford, and that gentleman produced at the meal a fruit dish loaded with tremendous peaches.

"Most extraordinary," said the old professor, "but these peaches were sent to me today, and I'm blessed if I know who sent them. From the south of France, I suspect, so I saved a few of them for you, Stringer. They will be such a novelty, you know."

The Canadian very quietly took a steamship company's bill of lading from his pocket and handed it to the professor. The professor gazed at the bill, then at the fruit, then at the poet.

"I had some whale blubber, too, professor," said that young man, "but I simply had to eat that. These other things were grown on my uncle's farm in Kent county, Ont., you know. He has 200 bushels of them every year, and he sent me over a basket of little ones along with the whale blubber."—Saturday Evening Post.

SALARIES OF OUR PLAYERS.

The Pay of Actors Varies From $10 to as Much as $500 Per Week.

Franklin Fyles, writing of "The Theater and Its People" in The Ladies' Home Journal, touches interestingly upon the earnings of actors and corrects the oft repeated reports of the enormous earnings of players. "Salaries vary with circumstances," he says. "The manager may find at $25 a week a player whose moderate talent exactly fits a part of considerable importance. He may have to pay $150 if the role is singular and fit candidates scarce. If he wants celebrity in addition to ability, he may be willing to make the salary $500 a week. In that case he takes into account the public value of the name and makes a feature of it in his advertisements.

"Not more than ten actors in America, aside from the stars, receive as much as $250 a week, and not more than five actresses are paid this amount. In fact, $150 a week is exceptional, and $100 will engage an excellent hero or heroine, a fine comedian or a delineator of eccentric character. The wages run down to $75 for a soubrette, ingenue or old man, to $50 for an old woman, juvenile man or juvenile woman, and so along to utility and chorus men and women at $12 or $18 a week. Those are the wages of thoroughly competent actors in companies of good grade."

Strange Freak of Fate.

Says the Portland Oregonian: "It is the belief of some historians that the name 'Oregon' is Aragon in disguise, that it was given to this country by the early Spanish voyagers and that American explorers so interpreted the word given them by the Indians. The theory is at least plausible and indicates a strange freak of fate. The name Spain proudly brought to this distant coast returned to the West Indies 300 years later to destroy the power of Spain on the seas! Little thought De Fuca when he sighted this coast in 1592 that some day it would build a warship which, under the name of Aragon, or Oregon, would be foremost in the battle that marked the end of Spain's dominion in the new world."

Peculiarity of Snakes.

A snake tamer who had trained a serpent to follow him around the house and even out of doors happened one day to take it with him to a strange place. The snake, unused to the locality, suddenly seemed to forget all his training and, escaping into the bushes, resisted capture with bites and every indication of wildness. When caught, it at once resumed its tame habits. This tendency to become wild immediately upon obtaining their freedom and to again become tame when caught is said to be a peculiarity of snakes.—New York Tribune.

The Probable Reason.

The Clergyman (proudly)—People are loath to leave my church. Why, after services, it is fully 15 minutes before the edifice is emptied!

The Sinner—I don't wonder at that. Some people are very hard to awaken!—Brooklyn Life.

Profitless.

Miss Chicago—Money talks, you know.

Miss Boston—A vulgar apothegm. Culture makes no concession to the loquacity of lucre.—Boston Courier.

UP HEAD ON A BLUNDER.

Erroneous Answer Wins Commendation From a Latin Teacher.

"The class in Latin will now recite," said the Latin teacher at one of the city high schools the other day.

The members of the class in Latin, consisting of 30 or more bright looking girls, with three or four boys, came forward and took their places. All moved along smoothly until the declination of the noun "donum" was in order, and there was trouble. It was the ablative that caused the trouble. For the benefit of those not acquainted with the mysteries of Latin it may be mentioned right here that the ablative is "dono," and the pronunciation is the same as if one should say "don't know," slurring the two words, as is so frequently done, to "don' know."

"Miss Jones," said the teacher to the head of the class, "what is the ablative of 'donum?'"

Miss Jones gave her version and was told to sit down. The question in turn went down the entire length of the class, all failing, until it reached the last, a boy who had a reputation for baseball and football, but none for scholarship.

"Well, Percy, the ablative of 'donum?'" asked the teacher.

Percy scratched his head and despairingly looked at his grinning classmates.

"Don' know," he finally blurted out.

"Right," said the teacher; "go up head."

And then the class broke out into a laugh that cost each member ten marks, but none pranked on Percy, and the teacher to this day cannot understand what there is so comical in the ablative of "donum."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

LIGHTS FOR BIRDS' NESTS.

Some Curious Habits Practiced In the World of Songdom.

Many birds suspend their nests from the branches of trees, one of the most curious nests of that kind being that of the baya bird of India. It is hung from the branch, with its opening at the bottom, and hangs like an inverted bottle, secure from the approach of tree snakes and other reptiles. The most curious thing about the baya bird is that it is said to light up its nest by sticking fireflies on its sides with clay or soft mud. There seems to be little doubt of the fact.

Dr. Buchanan says: "At night each of the habitations is lighted up by a firefly stuck in the top with a piece of clay. The nest consists of two rooms. Sometimes there are three or four fireflies, and their blaze in the little cells dazzles the eyes of the bats, which often destroy the young of these birds."

Perhaps other animals are scared off by the baya bird's electric light, since a writer in Nature records this curious observation: "I have been informed on safe authority that the Indian bottle bird protects his nest at night by sticking several of these glow beetles around the entrance by means of clay, and only a few days back an intimate friend of my own was watching three rats on a roof rafter of his bungalow. When a glow fly lodged very close to them, the rats immediately scampered off."—Our Dumb Animals.

Broken Commandments.

The brilliant young preacher, when he makes his parochial calls, endeavors to cultivate an acquaintance with the development of the younger minds, thus after a fashion keeping tab upon his Sunday school teachers.

The other afternoon, while he was waiting in the drawing room of a beautiful Cass avenue residence for the delayed appearance of Elsie's mamma, he was entertained by the little daughter herself. Taking her upon his lap, he began a review of the church lessons that had been given to the little maid of 5.

"Can you tell me, Elsie, how many commandments there are?"

"Yes, sir; seven or eight."

"Oh, no, dear; there are ten."

"Yes, I know there used to be, but I heard papa tell mamma yesterday that you had broken two or three of them at least, and that would leave only seven or eight, you know."—Detroit Free Press.

The Sex of Ships.

The word "ship" is masculine in French, Italian, Spanish and Portuguese and possesses no sex in Teutonic and Scandinavian. Perhaps it would not be an error to trace the custom of feminizing ships back to the Greeks, who called them by feminine names, probably out of deference to Athene, goddess of the sea. But the English speaking sailor assigns no such reasons. The ship to him is always a lady, even though she be a man-o'-war. She possesses a waist, collars, stays, laces, bonnets, ties, ribbons, chains, watches and dozens of other distinctly feminine attributes.—Collier's Weekly.

Gold.

Twenty-four carat gold is all gold; 22 carat gold has 22 parts of gold, 1 of silver and 1 of copper; 18 carat gold has 18 parts of pure gold and 3 parts each of silver and copper in its composition; 12 carat gold is half gold, the remainder being made up of 3½ parts of silver and 8½ parts of copper.

Strong Proof.

Hettie—So you really think that George is in love with you?

Edith—Oh, I am sure of it! You should hear some of the mean things he says about you and the rest of the girls in our set.—Boston Transcript.

A very pretty custom obtains among certain classes by which the newly married pair starts a savings bank for the child yet to be. Every day a penny or a dime, as the case may be, is dropped into the bank to swell the fund, and this practice is kept up until the child is old enough to save for itself. The parents have the right theory but how rarely they carry it to its broadest application. Every mother is perfect in laying up for her child what money cannot influence—happiness or misery. The nervous mother will have a nervous child. The irritable and fearful mother cannot have a happy and cheerful child. In mind and body the child will reflect the mother's condition.

The best preparation for motherhood is made by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Its perfect control over the sensitive feminine organism gives it a natural influence over the mind. It banishes anxiety and fear. It does away with the misery of morning sickness. It gives vitality and elasticity to the organs peculiarly feminine, and makes the trial of motherhood easy and brief. It makes healthy mothers, capable of nursing and nourishing the babes they bring into the world. "Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant. Accept no substitute.

Mrs. Axel Kjer, of Gordonville, Cape Girardeau Co., Mo., writes: "When I look at my little boy I feel it my duty to write to you. Perhaps some one will see my testimony and be led to use your 'Favorite Prescription' and be blessed in the same way. This is my fifth child and the only one who came to maturity; the others having died from lack of nourishment—so the doctor said. I was not sickly in any way and this time I just thought I would try your 'Prescription.' I took nine bottles and to my surprise it carried me through, and gave us as fine a little boy as ever was. Weighed ten and one-half pounds. He is now five months old, has never been sick a day, and is so strong that everybody who sees him wonders at him. He is so playful and holds himself up so well. I would like to see this in print for so many have asked me, 'Do you think these are the testimonials of the people, or has Dr. Pierce just made them up and printed them?'"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness.

FATAL delays are caused by experimenting with cough and cold cures. Foley's Honey and Tar will prevent a cold from resulting in PNEUMONIA. All dealers.

Women Who have the Blues

Despondency in women is a mental condition directly traceable to some distinctly female ill. Well women don't have the blues, but comparatively few people understand that the right medicine will drive them away.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

overcomes the blues, because it is the safeguard of woman's health.

It regulates the entire female organism as nothing else does. When the dragging sensation and the backache go, the blues will go also.

Read the letters from women appearing in this paper—women who have tried it and know. There are a million such women.

STEEL ROAD IN SPAIN.

Advantages They Possess Over the Ordinary Stone Road.

Horace Lee Washington, United States consul at Valencia, Spain, in a recent report to the state department on a steel roadway in Spain, says:

The road between Valencia and Grao is two miles in length, and an average of 3,200 vehicles pass over it daily. Until 1892 it was constructed of flint stone. The annual cost of keeping it in repair was about $5,470.

The construction of a steel roadway was determined on, and the annual cost of keeping in repair the central zone of road thus relieved from heavy traffic, which proceeds over the steel rails, is now only about $386.

The length of road so built was less than two miles, and the cost in detail was: Steel construction, $6,830; transportation and laying steel construction, $507; binding stone construction between rails and lateral zones, $2,109; total, $9,503.

The rails during the seven years they have been in position exhibit a wear of one decimal of a millimeter yearly and have not required repairing.

Ample room is allowed between the rails for two horses to walk abreast. Horses do not appear to slip on rails of this construction.

At each side of the rail are layers of binding stones, the paved road being higher than the face of the rails.

The municipality of Valencia is of opinion that the saving in cost of repairs through a road of this description pays for its construction in a short time, and other and similar roadways are in contemplation.

From various parts of Spain inquiries have been made concerning this road. I learn that a similar construction was decided on at Alicante in 1898, but was temporarily abandoned when events caused exchange to increase. A toll of about eight-tenths of a cent is charged each vehicle passing over this roadway.

WISCONSIN ROADS.

State Road Convention Declares For State Aid.

At the first state good roads convention ever held in Wisconsin, which convened recently at Milwaukee, nearly 1,000 delegates were present.

Resolutions were formulated and referred to a committee declaring that the good roads movement deserves increased attention and the support of the United States department of agriculture; that the discussion of good roads and road building methods approved at the Wisconsin farmers' Institutes should be indorsed; that every town should own and employ road graders, road rollers and a stone crusher for macadamizing purposes, to be purchased by collection of road taxes in cash, and that competent labor should be employed for the improvement of country roads leading to county seats and market towns.

The resolutions declared also that these results can best be obtained by state aid, which system is enjoyed by New Jersey, Massachusetts, New York, Rhode Island and Connecticut. The constitutional amendment now pending for such aid was favored.

The Cost of Mud.

More than $4,000,000 of public funds is spent annually for the 100,000 miles of roads in Illinois. It is estimated that this fund carefully spent would construct 2,000 miles of macadam roads and properly drain and roll 20,000 miles of dirt roads annually. Ninety-nine per cent of every load transported by railways or steamer lines is carried in a wagon or truck over a highway, it is said. As statistics collected by the office of road inquiry under the secretary of agriculture at Washington prove that it costs the American farmer nearly three times as much as it does the European agriculturist, the good roads movement is awakening great interest.

The Fighting Swordfish.

The swordfish is utterly without fear and will, like a buffalo or rhinoceros, charge anything that offends it, often doing an amount of execution hardly to be believed did not the evidence exist. Combats between swordfish are most interesting and may be compared to a duel between two expert swordsmen. Such a contest was observed off the long pier that extends out into the ocean at Santa Monica, near Los Angeles, last year. Some fishermen noticed two big fish leaping out of the water and dashing along the surface. Soon it was seen that they were swordfish.

The season was when the fish are unusually ferocious. They had made several rushes and when observed were at close quarters, striking each other powerful side blows like cavalrymen. This was unsatisfactory, and finally they separated and darted at each other like arrows, the water hissing as their sharp dorsal fins cut through it. They evidently struck head on, one missing, while the sword of the other struck just below the eye and plowed a deep furrow in the fish, partly disabling it, so that it turned and attempted to escape. But its adversary also turned and with a rush drove its sword completely through the body of its foe and held it fast, only wrenching its weapon loose when its enemy stopped swimming.—San Francisco Call.

Gronlund's Comparison.

Laurence Gronlund, the socialistic writer who ended his days in New York, was a thorough pessimist. One evening, after he had denounced the modern industrial system in savage terms, a friend remarked:

"It is not so bad as Russian despotism, is it?"

"Not quite. The former is the worst possible; the latter the worst conceivable."

Plant an ad. in THE GAZETTE and watch your business grow.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25 cts. per package. Sold by grocers.

On a Camel.

The sensation has been likened to that which would be felt by mounting a stool placed on a springless cart driven over a plowed field. I found it all that and more. Next to walking barefoot in chains, riding on camel back is, in the eyes of the Moors, the worst degradation they can put upon their prisoners.—Grey's "In Moorish Captivity."

Probably.

"It must have taken lots of nerve for him to laugh and joke with the doctors while they were taking his leg off at the knee. Didn't he seem excited?"

"Well, I thought he talked in rather a disjointed manner."—Chicago Tribune.

He Called Himself a Meteor.

The Rocky Gulch cowboy who broke up a show in that town by shooting at the actors called himself a meteor because, he said, he was shooting stars.—Buffalo News.

CELERY KING

NATURE'S CURE

A Cure for Constipation.

I have been troubled with constipation for years. It was ruining my health, my comfort and my complexion, and I am glad to say that Celery King has restored all three, and this after trying many other medicines that were supposed to be good, but which were of no value whatever. I would like to tell every suffering woman what Celery King has done for me.—Nellie Gould, Medina, Ohio

Celery King cures Constipation and all diseases of the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Sold by druggists. 25c and 50c. 3

Register's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following Administration, Executor and Guardian accounts have been filed in the Register's office of Bedford county, have been examined and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county, at the Court House in Bedford, on Wednesday, February 7, 1900, for confirmation:

1. The account of David Barkman, trustee to sell the real estate of Susan C. Smith, late of Mann township, Bedford county, Pa., deceased.
2. The account of Nora Mull, administratrix of Lucy Bush, late of Londonderry township, Bedford county, Pa., deceased.
3. The account of Thomas J. Willis, administrator of the estate of Jesse Willis, late of West St. Clair township, Bedford county, Pa., deceased.
4. The account of J. A. Trout, administrator of the estate of Gideon D. Trout, late of East St. Clair township, Bedford county, Pa., deceased.
5. The account of Isaac L. Snyder, administrator of John Z. Replogle, late of Bloomfield township, Bedford county, Pa., deceased.
6. The account of William Clark administrator of

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

nteresting Information for Those Who Want to Buy,

INTENDING PURCHASERS

Will Do Well to Consult This Column If They Wish to Save Money and Procure the Best Bargains.

For Rent.

The room now occupied by Hartley & Co. JOHN F. BLYMYER.
Feb. 2 tf.

Bargains! Bargains!

A. C. Glass, proprietor of the Racket store, is closing out his entire stock of goods as he will retire from that business. Don't fail to call and secure some of the big bargains.

FOR RENT.—Office on ground floor. Apply to Mrs. S. L. Russell, Bedford. Feb2w3.

FOR RENT:—Nice office on 2nd floor Ridenour Block; $60, heated.
jan26w2 J. W. RIDENOUR

6-Room house for rent. Heat furnished. Apply at Bedford House. Jan26w2

WANTED:—100 cords of white ash for handles. Apply at the Handle Factory, Bedford, for particulars.
J. L. McLAUGHLIN & Son.

WANTED.—50 experienced woodsmen, at once; steady work year around; wages $1.75. BABCOCK LUMBER CO.,
Jan5m3 Ashtola

Bedford Foundry.

I have leased the Bedford foundry and am prepared to do all kinds of work connected with a foundry. I will keep on hand all kinds of plow castings, sled soles, stove grates and general repairs for stoves. Sash weights and other castings made on short notice. Bells, kettles cake moulds, &c., always in stock. Supplies for threshing machines, cider mills and other machinery moulded from broken pieces, or new patterns made if desired I shall try to please and solicit your trade Old iron bought or taken in trade for new work All work done promptly

Wm. F. Cromwell.

For Rent.

A Four-room house in good condition.
Feb. 2 tf. J. F. BLYMYER.

Bedford Classical Academy.

Gives instruction in Latin, Greek, German, English, Higher Mathematics, Natural Sciences; also Crayoning, Object Drawing and Pen Drawing. Students enter Freshman class of Colleges on certificate. Open to boys and girls. Terms reasonable. Winter term opened January 3, 1900.
For particulars address
C. V. SMITH, A. M., Principal.

BE GOOD TO YOURSELF and good to your friends. When you treat a friend to whisky, give him the best. HARPER Whisky is the beverage for your friends and for you.
SOLD BY
R. J. Wertz, Bedford, Pa.; John Eichelberger, Hopewell, Pa.

Established in 1872, Bedford, Pa.
JOHN G. HARTLEY & CO., BANKERS
JNO. G. HARTLEY, JNO. M. REYNOLDS
S. S. METZGER.
Individual liability. Capital and real estate unencumbered, $300,000.00. Accounts of merchants, farmers and others solicited. Pay interest on time deposits and receive deposits payable on demand.
WM. HARTLEY, JR., Cashier.

There Is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Mill For Rent.

A twenty-five barrel roller mill, situated in Friend's Cove, on a never failing stream of water. Good grain growing country. Address, T. E. Orr,
feb3tf Ottown, Pa.

Rainsburg.

JANUARY 30.—The Rainsburg Literary society rendered one of the best programmes on Friday evening ever given here. It was comical throughout. The Rainsburg band furnished some excellent music. Following is the programme:

Music.....School
Recitation.....Paul Cessna
Stump speech.....Reese Barkley
Select reading.....Grace Morgart
Autobiography of a Bachelor, Nellie Filler
Recitation.....Prof. B. G. Reighard
Music.....Band
Recitation.....Roger Williams
Debate: *Resolved*, That old bachelors should be taxed to support old maids.

Affirmative speakers, Grace Filler, Reta Cessna and A. L. Barkley; negative speakers, H. V. Smith, Walter Reighard and C. E. Statler. The question was decided in favor of the affirmative speakers.

The next programme will be entirely patriotic.

Dr. E. T. Hare, of Williamsburg, has come to our borough to practise medicine. We certainly wish him success.

Arthur Williams, son of George Williams, is suffering from a severe attack of pneumonia. Among others who are on the sick list are Mrs. J. H. Gump, Mrs. John Diehl, Mrs. William Rose and 'Squire Kegg.

J. L. Ressler and Joseph Shoemaker went to Ohio last week to seek employment.

Rev. Conwell, of Wyoming Valley, preached an excellent and interesting sermon on Sunday evening in the M. E. church Ross.

St Clairsville.

JANUARY 30.—Jack Frost has really come at last.

David Roudabush was home over Sunday.

Samuel Whitaker, of Alum Bank, was in town last week.

Miss Margaret Barley, after spending three months in Altoona, returned to her home on Friday

Fire broke out in the home of H. H Brumbaugh on Friday afternoon, but before any serious damage was done help came. Had it not been noticed when it was, alas for St. Clairsville, or the principal part of her.

Various changes will take place in the spring. B. D. Ake, of Dogtown, has purchased the Thomas Claycomb property and will move to town. Wilson Gates will vacate Mr. Ake's property and move into Mrs. Rachel Corle's house on Main street. Joseph Claycomb will move into Andrew Hoenstine's property on South Main street.

Communion services were held in the Reformed church Sunday morning with a fairly good attendance. Rev Stover of Cessna, assisted in the preparatory services on Saturday previous.

What has become of Osterburg? The boom must be leaving the place. No doubt it died with the year 1899. St. Clairsville is just the same little town—and everything is booming. NAN.

WHAT THE STARS SAY.

Their Portent as Told to the Philadelphia "Times" by Astrologist Raphael.

January 26, 1900:—Buy, speculate, ask favors and push business before 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Great vicissitudes of fortune will befall you if this is your birthday. Sometimes you will be very fortunate, followed by periods of anxiety and change. Sickness in your family or some disappointment may be expected.

A child born on this day will be sharp and clever and fortunate in all it undertakes. It will travel and will meet with much success.

January 27, 1900:—Very uncertain.

If this is your birthday you will be inclined to quarrel and find fault. You will have a quiet business year.

A child born to-day will have a quiet life unless born at an important hour.

January 29, 1900:—A very doubtful day.

You will have a successful year if this is your birthday, but be careful in speculation. Young women will be courted, but must not be careless

A child born to-day will be fortunate and well conducted. If a girl, she will be a favorite with the opposite sex.

January 30, 1900:—Travel, deal, buy, seek employment and push your business before 6 o'clock in the evening.

Beware of law and quarreling if this is your birthday. In business you will have an active and successful year, but do not journey or remove. Young women must be careful of the opposite sex.

A child born on this day will be quick, clever and generally fortunate.

January 31, 1900:—Be careful. Avoid new undertakings.

Success will attend your endeavors and your business will increase, if this is your birthday. Young women will be much courted, but they should be careful.

A child born on this day will be generally fortunate, especially in dealing with superiors, and will rise in life. If a girl, she will marry early

Point.

JANUARY 31.—On January 24 the friends and neighbors to the number of thirty-two took possession of the residence of Mrs. Emma Feight during her absence in Schellsburg on an errand. When William Feight brought her home, about twelve o'clock, they found a table set for twenty persons, dinner ready to be served and a beautiful crazy patch quilt fully half quilted. The lady was very much surprised. The dinner was soon served and everyone declared the dinner and surprise a grand success. Thirty-six partook of the dinner. Those present were as follows: R C. Smith and wife, Josiah Hissong and wife, Frank Suter, wife and two sons, T. R. Studebaker, wife and son, Mrs. Jacob Bisel and two sons, Mrs. Joseph Hull, Mrs. Martin Whetstone, Mrs. Ben Feight. Mrs Carrie Fetter, Mrs. S. A. Feight, Mrs. W. S. Otto, Mrs. Mary J. Smith, Misses Annie Otto, Lucy Smith, Olive and Myrtle Smith, May Hissong, Venie Bisel and Pearl Studebaker, Messrs. W. M. Hissong, George Hissong, Harry Otto, Charles Feight and Wm. Feight, wife and two sons. There were thirty-six patches in the quilt and 21 or 22 of the ladies who sent patches were not present on account of sickness and bad weather, some of them living quite a distance away. The quilt is a friendship quilt and was gotten up and presented to Mrs. Feight because the family will move from this community in the near future to near Bedford. It is to be a token of the donors' esteem for Mrs. Feight.

Albert Miller, of near Mann's Choice, made sale of his personal property January 25 and moved to Johnstown yesterday.

Michael S. Miller, while helping with some logs at his saw-mill on Friday, had the misfortune to get several toes of his left foot badly mashed.

Both political parties held their primaries on Saturday afternoon at the election house near Schellsburg. The following tickets were named:

Republican—Judge, D. R. Clark; inspector, Ananias Lape; justice, George W. Hoover; supervisors, Elias Snowberger, Samuel Lape, Sr; school directors, C. G. Cleaver, S. S. Stuckey, Wm. Jordan; tax collector, Miles McMillan; auditor, John Rock; township clerk, John Scritchfield.

Democratic—Judge, J. E Taylor; inspector, J. P. Lehman; justice, Abram Manges; supervisors, W. E. Reilly, Dewalt Blackburn; school directors, T. R. Studebaker, Joseph Souser, Geo. Taylor; tax collector, A. G. Carpenter; auditor, W. V. Taylor; township clerk, Abram Miller. Both tickets are made up of good men and good officers can certainly be chosen from among them.

Ambrose Calahan and bride, of near Ryot, were visitors at William Jordan's on Sunday.

Your correspondent and wife expect to partake of a wedding dinner to-day. Particulars next week HOOKER.

Six Mile Run.

JANUARY 30.—Eliza Ann Figard, wife of Joseph Figard, passed to her reward on Friday evening, the 26th instant, aged sixty years. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Stobb, of the Church of God, of which church decedent was a member. Interment was made in the Evans graveyard on Sunday forenoon.

Some of the miners of this place were working to-day and many more intended to begin to-morrow, at fifty cents per ton; but this evening a gang of about fifty came from Kearney and Sandy Run and objected to them working at that price, which means a continued suspension of work.

Two members of the Salvation Army—one a blind man—have been holding meetings in the North Point church since Saturday evening and they make occasional calls on our town.

Owing to the death of Rev. Harter's father, there was no service in the M. E. church on Sunday morning, which left our town without preaching on that day. OMEGA.

Centreville.

JANUARY 31.—On January 26 Ada V Rose, daughter of Espy A. and Maud Rose, died, of croup. She was aged 4 years, 9 months and 16 days. Interment in the Bortz Lutheran cemetery, Rev. A. S. Beane officiating.

On January 29 Mrs. John Gillum passed away after a long illness. She was the mother of Rev. J. M Gillum, a former writer for THE GAZETTE She was born and lived in Cumberland Valley all her lifetime except a year or two in Friend's Cove and about three years where she died, near the Union campmeeting ground in Maryland. Her remains will be laid to rest to-day in the Union graveyard near where she lived. Rev. Anthony will officiate. She was a daughter of Jacob Bruner. R.

Schellsburg.

JANUARY 30.—On Wednesday evening, on his way home from school, Ralph, a son of John W. Fair, of near Schellsburg, was hit by a sharp stone below his right eye and that member was totally destroyed. The stone was thrown by an older brother, not at Ralph, but at another boy. Here we have an argument against the dangerous practice of throwing stones. What business have boys to throw stones at one another? As a rule, the stone hits where you do not want it to strike. Whoso taketh up stones shall be hurt therewith.

BEAUTIFUL HOME WEDDING.

On Thursday at 4 p. m. a beautiful wedding took place at the home of Mrs. Ann Maria Turner, of Harrison township, when her daughter, Catharine E., was united in holy wedlock with Aaron P. Illillegass, of Juniata township. Promptly at 4 o'clock the bridal party was ushered into the parlor by the bride's brother-in-law, John A. Hufferd, where, in the presence of thirty assembled guests, Rev. D. G. Hetrick tied the matrimonial knot, after which all partook of a capital wedding supper. Those present besides the immediate family were John A. Hufferd and son, of Cessna; Frederick Turner and family, of Rockville; Mrs. Sarah A. Geller and son Jacob, of New Buena Vista; Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Benna, of Harrison township, and Olive B. Hetrick, of Schellsburg. This makes the third wedding in Jacob Hillegass' family within a month. Who can surpass that?

Union services in the churches of Schellsburg, for prayer and conference:

Sunday, February 4, 7 p. m:—Reformed church. The Christian's Responsibility for the Moral Welfare of the Community.

Monday, February 5, 7 p. m:—Presbyterian church Profanity: 1. A Sin. 2. Its Uselessness. 3 Its Degrading Influence.

Tuesday, February 6, 7 p. m:—Methodist church. Intemperance: 1. Steps Leading to Intemperance. 2. Tempting Others. 3. The Woes of Intemperance.

Wednesday, February 7, 7 p.m:—Lutheran church. Obscenity and Irreverence: 1. Obscenity. 2. Irreverence to God. 3. Irreverence to Man.

Thursday, February 8, 7 p. m:—Reformed church. Sabbath Observance and Sabbath Desecration.

Friday, February 9, 7 p.m:—Presbyterian church. The Home Life: 1. Parental Responsibility. 2. The Duties of Children. 3. Literature.

Saturday, February 10, 7 p m:—Methodist church. Religious Duties of Non-professors: 1. Home. 2. Church. 3. Community.

A cordial invitation is extended to every one to attend all these services.
GIDEON.

Chalybeatville.

JANUARY 30.—Miss Laura Smith returned a few days ago from a visit to Pittsburg.

George H. Dauler, of the Chalybeate House, recently slaughtered two very fine porkers. One dressed 511 lbs and the other 416 lbs.

Wallace Wertz is "housed up" with rheumatism.

Joseph Burket is home on a vacation.

Henry Allison is on the sick list.

George Wakefoose intends building a new house in the near future.

On January 25 the friends and neighbors of Adam Leonard met at his home in honor of his brother, George Leonard, of Tiffin, O., who is visiting among friends in Bedford county. Early in the forenoon the invited guests began to gather. About noon Jerome Leonard arrived, bringing George Leonard with him. After conversing with him for a short time we learned it was just thirteen years since he had gone west. We were invited to the dining-room to partake of a sumptuous repast prepared for the occasion. The following persons were present: M. H. Diehl and wife, Isaac Diehl and wife, Oran Hufferd, Mrs. John Hufferd, "Grandmother" Hufferd, George Diehl, wife and daughter, Mrs. Conda Casteel and son, Adam Earnest and wife, Wm. Devore and wife, Mrs. Wm. Cook, Miss Katie Allison, Thomas Rock and wife, Thomas Little and wife, Mrs. Samuel Shaffer, Jerome Leonard, wife and son, Frank Deckerhoof and wife.
D. W. W.

Local Institute.

Programme for a local institute to be held at the Filson school, in Juniata township, February 10 at 1 p. m.:

Devotional exercises.
Economy of School Supplies...Mary Smith
Recitation.....Ida Hurbrant
Mental Arithmetic.....Herman Mowry
Spelling, Emma Morgart, William Kinzey
Essay.....James Burns
What Shall Determine a Teacher's Salary?
Director S. C. Burns
Value of Education,
Ida Deaner and W. W. Zeigler
Composition Work.....C. O. Rollins
Model or Example, Florence Ling, C. Luman
Discipline....H. H. Deaner, Albert Colvin.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachain Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Sale Register.

All persons having sale bills printed at this office get a free notice in the sale register. This is worth several times the price of the bills.

In Bedford township on Tuesday, February 6, at 1 p. m. B. F. McKarney will sell a horse, cows, young cattle, shoats, chickens, wagon, sled, plows, cultivator, corn, hay, cornfodder, household goods, etc.

Marriage Licenses.

Foster A. Miller, of Pleasantville, and Virginia M. Harbaugh, of West St. Clair township.

Harry Wonders, of New Paris, and Lucy V. Smith, of Point.

Elmer A Dicken, of Monroe township, and Minnie F. Conner, of West Providence township.

John W Fickes, of Snake Spring township, and Daisy May Diehl, of Colerain township.

Joseph Carson, of Everett, and Virginia Ragsdell, of Loomburg, Va.

Wolfsburg Circuit.

Sunday, February 4: Cumberland Valley, 10 a. m.; Mount Smith, 7 p. m.

Revival meeting every night during the week at Mount Smith. Everybody invited. FRANCIS E. PURCELL,
Pastor.

New Enterprise.

JANUARY 29.—Jerry Detweiler is the proud father of a baby boy.

Isaac Replogle is cutting and sawing the timber on the Stayer farm near Brumbaugh.

A. T. Kochendaffer, who has not been in good health the past year, has gone to Harrisburg for treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Werking on Monday attended the funeral of Jeremiah Mentzer, of Frankstown. Mr. Mentzer formerly resided in this vicinity.

A new street lamp is soon to be placed in position at the postoffice by Postmaster Buck.

J. P. Holsinger, who has been alternating between Pennsylvania and Maryland the past year, has returned to his home at Mt. Morris, Ill.

L. E. Biddle has purchased the property of Mrs. Anna Over, deceased, and will retire from farming the coming spring.

J. A. Good recently bought the Augustine farm near Salemville.
M. S. G.

FOR SALE.—At private sale, a lot of nine acres, suited for trucking, having thereon a good dwelling house, old time grist mill, excellent for chopping purposes. Situated at Hartley station, 3 miles east of Bedford, Pa. For terms inquire of Mrs. Ephraim Koontz, Lutzville, Pa. Nov17

DIED.

CURTIS.—At Meyersdale January 19, 1900, Mrs. C. D. Curtis, aged 36 years; formerly of Hyndman.

LAYTON.—Near Mattie January 15, 1900, Mrs. Wesley Layton, aged 68 years.

DEREMER.—At Mattie January 16, 1900, Mrs. J. F Deremer, aged 32 years, 3 months and 2 days.

BERKHEIMER'S QUICK-SELLING STORE

To You,

PERSONAL:

IF you are earning but a meagre salary, and have a large family to support, and heavy rents to pay, etc., every cent you save on your grocery bills helps you meet these bills promptly.

Now, we are in position to help you meet these bills, and we will do it, too, if you will take our advice and come to us when you are in need of Groceries; and get them at the LOWEST POSSIBLE CASH PRICE.

TASTE OUR CHOICE PRUNES, 8c This Week.

EVERYTHING FRESH, CHOICE and SEASONABLE. Highest Cash Prices Paid For Country Produce.

Berkheimer's Quick-Selling Store,
BEDFORD, PA.

A BIG FIRE

may destroy your property, but will not affect your right to recover damages for the property injured if you have a

Policy of Insurance
... WITH
Amos & Horne,

who represent nothing but STOCK companies, which are noted for
Liberal Treatment, Prompt Payment and Undoubted Solvency.
Office next to the Gazette Office.

"Story" Bless you, I have none to tell, sir! "—*Canning.*

WE'VE A STORY---

ONE THAT WILL BEAR telling every day—a story of good footwear.

LISTEN. Three essential points every woman should have in mind when selecting shoes—they should Fit well, Look well, and Wear well.

ECONOMICAL BUYERS will be convinced of the error of purchasing cheaper shoes after finding that a pair of "Queen Quality" give double the satisfaction in the knowledge that the feet are perfectly shod with footwear of the latest style that for fit and comfort is without superior—and has few equals.

OUR STORY involves everything that is choice in footwear. And we have prices that are fully as interesting—nay, surprising.

WOULDN'T YOU better come in and let us tell you about them'

WM. S. LYSINGER,
BEDFORD, PA.

Watch Repairing.

Always have your watch repaired by us. You are always sure of a good job, and then look at the price; we don't charge you the price of a new one for repairing an old one. Come and see us.

W. A. DEFIBAUGH,
The Leading Jeweler. Bedford, Pa.

H. A. RUSH,

Successor to her brother, George A. Rush,
DEALER IN
Marble and Granite Monuments, Headstones, Etc., Bedford, Pa.
Estimates made on all kinds of Cemetery work may 1899y1.

Administrator's Notice.

[ESTATE OF CATHARINE WATSON, LATE OF WOODBURY TOWNSHIP, DECEASED.]

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay to W. H. CLOUSE,
Or to MOSES A. POINTS Administrator,
AND GEORGE POINTS, Woodbury, Pa.
Feb2, Attorneys, Bedford, Pa.

Barndollar's

STORE NEWS.

Seasonable Surprises at the Big Store.

Inventory day usually brings to the surface odds and ends and broken lots of seasonable goods that have been in biding here, there and everywhere in our departments, and we are determined that they must be sold, hence in Dress Goods we offer better values for less money than can be obtained elsewhere, as well as in Trimmings and everything contained in the Dry Goods Department.

On Thursday and Friday, February 8th and 9th, you can secure special bargains in Muslins

Odds and ends in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Underwear and Gloves for Ladies, Misses and Children, as well as Men's and Boys' we are selling far below their cost in order to dispose of them.

Clark's O. N. T. Spool Cotton, 4 cents per spool.

In Felt Boots we can offer better inducements and save you fully twenty-five per cent. below any of our competitors

We have a number of pairs of Blankets left, regular price 80 cents, selling price 60 cents during this sale.

In Shoes there is yet several hundred pair of odds and ends, and the time is here when many children have to have new ones to replace the old shoes. Why not secure one of the many bargains offered at this store during our clearance sale, preparatory to stock-taking?

Remember our Grocery Department is an extensive store within itself. Prunes, 5 cents per pound. Raisins, 8 cents per pound. Granulated sugar, 5 cents per pound. Laundry soap, 1 cent a cake. The syrup you obtain here at 25 cents per gallon is equal to that elsewhere at 35 cents per gallon. Grain Bags of 5-lb. 67 cents All other goods in the same proportion. If your object is to obtain good goods at low prices, a visit to this store is well worth your while.

Don't think of purchasing your Carpets or Mattings until you see our stock.

Barndollar's Red Front Store,
Leaders of Low Prices. EVERETT, PA.

Commissioners' Report.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF BEDFORD COUNTY, SHOWING THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR COUNTY PURPOSES FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1899:

DUPLICATE OF TAXES—1899.

DISTRICTS.	County Tax.	State Tax.	Dog Tax.
Bedford bor....	$2691 89	$2113 16	$ 76 00
Bedford twp....	3355 44	876 65	189 50
Bloomfield.....	1080 21	49 07	54 50
Broad Top.....	1791 20	93 00	171 50
Coaldale.....	148 49	4 92	13 50
Colerain.....	1572 94	181 97	75 50
Cumber. Valley	1276 28	273 50	88 00
Everett.....	1419 50	711 13	82 00
Harrison.....	776 78	41 92	51 50
Hopewell bor..	225 00	69 20	22 00
Hopewell twp..	1036 39	84 21	59 00
Hyndman.....	630 64	51 49	15 50
Juniata.....	1132 17	75 04	68 00
Kimmell.....	548 19	66 04	55 50
King.....	697 28	97 57	59 00
Liberty.....	909 77	49 30	57 50
Lincoln.....	250 44	89 20	48 50
Londonderry....	982 99	237 95	106 50
Mann.....	802 74	24 22	60 50
Mann's Choice..	251 63	52 86	7 00
Monroe.....	1105 83	98 39	121 00
Napier.....	1819 75	207 50	132 00
New Paris.....	140 27	64 33	4 00
Pleasantville...	135 97	61 25	8 50
Providence E..	904 58	58 47	59 50
Providence W..	1444 03	135 87	94 50
Ramsburg.....	156 51	46 30	10 00
Saxton.....	542 08	195 80	24 50
Schellsburg....	809 64	123 68	9 50
Snake Spring...	1084 35	51 51	36 00
Southampton...	566 08	59 22	77 00
St. Clairsville..	81 93	54 79	4 50
St. Clair East..	1068 49	230 05	76 50
St. Clair West..	790 85	77 02	51 00
Union.....	266 65	29 21	23 00
Woodbury bor..	297 53	53 93	6 00
Woodbury twp..	1617 77	104 06	47 50
Woodbury S....	2103 85	209 68	55 50
Totals.....	$35696 24	$6500 27	$2143 50

Bedford County, in account with Charles Reiley, County Treasurer, deceased, for that portion of the year ending September 12th, 1899.

DR.

To balance, as per auditors' report, 1898.....	$	27340 05
To amount of duplicate, county tax.....		35596 24
To amount of duplicate, state tax.....		6500 27
To amount of duplicate, dog tax.....		2143 50
To amount received from justices for 1897 and 1898.....		675 46
To amount received from liquor licenses.....		570 00
To amount received from huckster licenses.....		870 00
To amount received from all other sources.....		146 55
Total.....	$	73842 07

CR.

By amount of commissioners' drafts No 1 to No.424.....	$	32251 17
By amount of county tax in justices' hands.....		3838 82
By amount of state tax in justices' hands.....		654 92
By amount of dog tax in justices' hands.....		1103 00
By amount of 5 per cent. on $35,644.77, for prompt payment		1682 24
By amount of treasurer's commission and salary.....		1462 38
Balance in treasury.....		27851 64
Total.....	$	73842 07

Bedford County, in account with D. C. Reiley, County Treasurer, for that portion of the year beginning September 13th, 1899, and ending December 31st, 1899.

DR.

To amount as per auditors' report, September 12th, 1899..	$	27851 64
To amount in hands of justices per above report.....		10595 24
To amount of state tax returned from state treasurer.....		4810 80
To amount of fire expenses returned.....		501 90
To amount of unseated land tax		14 26
To amount received from justices, tax of 1898.....		211 57
To amount received from all other sources.....		734 60
To amount of additional taxes		5 90
Total.....	$	44715 61

CR.

By amount of commissioners' drafts No. 1 to No. 251.....	$	32028 70
By exonerations, costs, commissions to justices, &c.....		1144 96
By unseated land tax returned		245 14
By treasurer's commissions.....		305 46
By balance in hands of treasurer		20001 35
Total.....	$	44715 61

County Officers.

J. C. Imler, county commissioner, 101 days.....	$	603 50
J. C. Imler, traveling expenses		38 85
Josiah Huffman, county commissioner, 191 days.....		688 50
Josiah Huffman, traveling expenses.....		39 50
J. W. Boor, county commissioner, 198 days.....		693 00
J. W. Boor, traveling expenses		41 60
S R. Longenecker, county solicitor.....		200 00
Dorsey S Ling, clerk.....		700 00
Charles Reiley, treasurer, salary and commissions.....		1478 88
D. C. Reiley, treasurer, salary and commissions.....		400 46
James Cleaver, prothonotary, fees.....		495 65
Andrew Dodson, sheriff, conveying prisoners, &c.....		318 98
A. L. Little, district attorney, office rent.....		60 00
County auditors, auditing accounts.....		555 00
Ed. R. Horne, recorder, fees....		15 60
Jury commissioners, filling wheel and drawing juries..		214 30
J. F. Biddle, auditing accounts		30 00
H. B. Strock, physician to county jail.....		50 00
John R. Barks, janitor, 3 months.....		90 00
Nimrod Warren, janitor, 9 months		190 00
J. B. Hammer, ex sheriff, fees unpaid.....		70 00

County Jail and Court House.

Boarding prisoners.....	$	611 00
Washing, soap and oil.....		69 70
Fuel.....		330 23
Water and fire protection		250 50
Plumbing and repairs.....		220 83
Clothing for prisoners.....		52 49
Light for court house.....		185 25
Total.....	$	1606 05

County Bridges and Roads.

Building 3 iron bridges.....	$	3194 47
Repairs to bridges and approaches.....		588 08
Painting bridges.....		302 91
Road and bridge views.....		356 80
Road damages.....		226 50
Total.....	$	4628 71

Elections.

February election.....	$	1426 85
November election.....		1347 40
Total.....	$	2773 75

Printing, Blank books and Stationery.

Inquirer Printing company....	$	326 75
Gazette Publishing company...		340 70
Smith, Weaverling & Co.....		406 50
Republican Printing company		162 80
Blank books and stationery....		457 03
Total.....	$	1693 58

Assessors, assessments and registrations.....	$	2826 14

Inquisitions.

On dead bodies.....		$125 74
In lunacy proceeding.....		112 30
Total.....	$	238 04
Indigent soldiers, burial expenses and headstones.....		340 00
Damages to sheep.....		1736 25
Premiums on scalps.....		809 00
Requisitions to almshouse ...		12833 38
Interest on county bonds.....		340 00

Taxes.

State tax remitted to state		5478 78
State tax on county bonds for 1898.....		00 00
State tax on county bonds for 1899.....		00 00
Alien and county tax refunded		106 99
Total.....	$	5705 87

County Courts.

Costs in commonwealth suits ..		$1990 31
Jurors' fees.....		4081 82
Boarding jurors		61 30
Summoning jurors		130 00
Court officers' fees.....		585 50
Stenographic services.....		482 00
Constables' returns.....		480 40
Total.....		$7813 03

State Institutions.

Paid state hospital.....	$	1466 59
Huntingdon reformatory.....		642 25
Western penitentiary.....		466 76
Total.....	$	2575 60

Miscellaneous Items.

Postage and expressage.....	$	49 30
Appropriation to county institute, 1898.....		200 00
Appropriation to county institute, 1899.....		200 00
Extinguishing forest fires.....		1000 00
Fire detective services.....		3 80
Livery hire.....		42 00
Winding clock, &c., on court house.....		25 50
C. D. Beegle, reward.....		20 00
Fire insurance on court house and jail		495 55
F. S. Campbell, medical services		20 00
W. P. Hughes, medical services		1 00
Building election houses.....		602 00
J. W. Ridenour, hall rent		20 00
D. S. Gump, burial expenses of F. D Bruckman.....		33 00
Total.....	$	2719 15

Liabilities.

Bonded indebtedness of county.	$	15000 00
Due sundry persons from county		3 96
Total.....	$	15003 96

Assets

Balance in hands of county treasurer.....	$	20001 35
Outstanding taxes for 1899.....		83 87
Outstanding taxes for 1898.....		332 23
Due from W. B. Mack, treasurer of poor fund.....		781 87
Due county from sundry persons		43 29
10 per cent. of notes in hands of commissioners.....		171 69
	$	22305 88
Assets in excess of liabilities....	$	7299 87

We, the undersigned commissioners of Bedford County, do hereby certify that the foregoing report of the receipts and expenditures of the county show a true and correct statement for the year ending December 31, 1899. J. C. IMLER,
JOSIAH HUFFMAN,
Attest: J. W. BOOR,
DORSEY S. LING, County Commissioners
feb2w4 Clerk.

Have your EYES examined

For glasses at

Ridenour's,

the Leading Jeweler and Optician.

Corner Room in Ridenour Block, BEDFORD, PA.

Assignee's Notice.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF ANDREW J. MCLEARY, OF NAPIER TOWNSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew J. McCleary, of Napier township, has made a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay.
JNO H. JORDAN, ROBERT C. SMITH,
jan12 Attorney. Assignee.

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CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE.

Many good things are here, but they must go—because an unwritten law of this store says no goods shall be carried over from one season to another. So here is the chance for the shrewd buyers to make an investment which will surely prove a paying one. Yours is the gain, ours shall be the loss, as we'll have clean tables when this sale is over.

Men's Suits.

Lot 1, $6, $7 and $8 kind at.....$4.98
Lot 2, $9 and $10 kind at.....$6.98
Lot 3, $11, $12 and $14 kind at.....$7.98
Lot 4, $15, $16 and $18 kind at.....$9.98
Youths' and Children's Suits sold accordingly.

Men's Overcoats.

Lot 1, $15 kind at.....$9.98
Lot 2, $12 kind at.....$7.98
Lot 3, $8 and $10 kind at.....$5.98
Lot 4, $5, $6 and $7 kind at.....$3.98
Boys' and Children's Overcoats at the same reduced prices.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats and Winter Caps, Underwear, &c., reduced in price from

25 to 50 per cent.

Boots, Shoes and Rubber Footwear.

Everything in the Boot and Shoe Department has been reduced in price.

Come for bargains while the stock is complete.

The Metropolitan Clothing and Shoe House,
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A Time Of Special Bargains.

We want to have as clean a house as possible when inventory time gets here, so we are offering some remarkable values in odd lots that we want to close out before we take account of stock. Visitors to the store during the next few weeks will find many special money saving opportunities made possible by our endeavor to clean up stocks.

Mail Orders are filled as carefully and with as much promptness as ever, but visitors to the store will reap the greatest bargains at this time.

GABLE & CO.
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ALTOONA, PA.

Notice to St